| Total No. of Questions : 6] | |
|-----------------------------|--|
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| SEAT No.: | | |
|-----------|----------------|---|
| [Total | No. of Pages : | 4 |

P5916

[6142]-601 T.Y. B. Com.

361 : BUSINESS REGULATORY FRAMEWORK - II (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (CBCS)

| Time : 2 ^p Instructi 1) 2) | [Max. Marks : 7 the candidates: No.1 and Que. No.6 are compulsory. any 3 (Three) questions from remaining Q.No. 2,3,4,&5. | 0 | |
|--|--|---|----|
| Q1) a) | Fill | in the blanks (Any 5 out of 6) [5 | 5] |
| | i) | is the Person who makes the Bill of Exchange. | |
| | | [Payee, Drawee, Drawer] | |
| | ii) | Suspension of Digital signature certificate under section | _ |
| | | [Section - 35, Section - 36, Section - 37] | |
| | iii) | Consumer protection Act, 2019 came into force on | |
| | | [20 July 2020, 1 April 2020, 31 December 2020] | |
| | iv) | Copyright for photography is years. | |
| | | [40, 50, 60] | |
| | v) | Procedure of District consumer Forum under consumer protectio Act is carried as per section | n |
| | | [35, 37, 38] | |
| | vi) | A is a bill of exchange drawn on a specified banker payabl on demand. | e |
| | | [Promisoory Note, Cheque, Bills of Exchange] | |

| | b) | Mate | ch the pair | | [| 5] |
|-------------|------|---------|--|--------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| | | G | roup - A | (| Group - B | |
| | | i) | Cheque | a) | Global Market | |
| | | ii) | E-Commerce | b) | Crossing | |
| | | iii) | Consumer Protection Act | c) | 1995 | |
| | | iv) | Invention | d | 2019 | |
| | | v) | World Trade organisation | e) | New and useful process | |
| Q2) | Wha | at is a | n Endorsement? Explain the diffe | eren | t kinds of Endorsements. [1 | 5] |
| <i>Q3</i>) | Wha | t is ar | n E-commerce? Explain in detail th | ne sig | gnificance of E-commerce.[1 | 5] |
| <i>Q4</i>) | | | ot a consumer? Explain the various n Act. | righ | | ner 5] |
| Q5) | Wha | ıt is p | atent? Write in detail the rights an | nd o | bligations of patentee. [1 | 5] |
| Q6) | Writ | e Sho | ort Notes (Any 03) | | [1 | 5] |
| | a) | Esse | entials of Bills of Exchange. | | | |
| | b) | E-co | ontracts. | | | |
| | c) | Nati | onal Commission. | | | |
| | d) | Kind | ds of Trademark. | | | |
| | e) | Banl | k's Right to dishonour the chequ | e of | Accountholder. | |
| | | | | | | |

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361 : BUSINESS REGULATORY FRAMEWORK - II (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (CBCS)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

| वेळ : 2½ त | ास/ | | | [एकूण गुण : 70 | |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| सूचना :- | 1) | | | र्य आहे. | |
| | 2) | प्रश्न क्र. 2, 3, 4 आणि 5 मधील | । काणतहा उ प्र | रन साडवावत. ———————————————————————————————————— | |
| प्र. 1) अ) | गाळ | नेल्या जागा भरा. (6 पैकी कोणत | याही 5) | [5] | |
| , , | i) | हंडी काढणारी व्यक्ती म्हणजे | | | |
| | ĺ | (आदाता, आदेशिती, आदेशक) | | | |
| | ii) | डिजिटल सही प्रमाणपत्र स्थगित | करणे कलम . | ••••• | |
| | , | (कलम 35, कलम 36, कलम | 37) | | |
| | iii) | ग्राहक संरक्षण कायदा, 2019 . | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | रोजी लागु झाला. | |
| | ŕ | (20 जुलै 2020, 1 एप्रिल 202 | | | |
| | iv) | फोटोग्राफीसाठी कॉपीराईट (लेख | | | |
| | (40, 50, 60) | | | | |
| | v) | जिल्हा ग्राहक मंचाची कार्यपद्धत | ो ग्राहक संरक्षा | ग कायद्याच्या कलम नुसार | |
| | | चालते. | | - | |
| | | (35, 37, 38) | | | |
| | vi) | _ | ावे लागतात ३ | नशी विशिष्ट बँकेवर काढलेली हुंडी म्हणजे | |
| | | होय. | | | |
| | | (वचनचिठ्ठी, धनादेश, हुंडी) | | | |
| ন্ত্ৰ) | योग्य | जोड्या लावा. | | [5] | |
| | | 'अ' गट | | 'ब' गट | |
| | i) | धनादेश | अ) | जागतिक बाजारपेठ | |
| | ii) | ई-कॉमर्स | ब) | रेखाकंन | |
| | iii) | ग्राहक संरक्षण कायदा | क) | 1995 | |
| | iv) | शोध | ਫ) | 2019 | |
| | v) | जागतिक व्यापार संघटना | इ) | नविन आणि उपयोगी पद्धती | |

| प्र. 2) पृ | ष्ठांकन म्हणजे काय? पृष्ठांकनाचे विविध प्रकार वर्णन करा. | [15] |
|-------------------|--|------|
| प्र. 3) ई | -कॉमर्स म्हणजे काय? ई–कॉमर्स चे महत्व सविस्तर वर्णन करा. | [15] |
| प्र. 4) क | ोण ग्राहक नाही? ग्राहक संरक्षण कायद्याच्या अंतर्गत ग्राहकाचे विविध अधिकार कोणते? | [15] |
| प्र. 5) पे | टंट म्हणजे काय? पेटंटीचे अधिकार व जबाबदारी सविस्तर लिहा. | [15] |
| ਯ. 6) ਟੀ | प लिहा. (कोणतेही 3) | [15] |
| 3 | r) हुंडीचे आवश्यक घटक | |
| ब |) ई-करार | |
| व | i) राष्ट्रीय आयोग | |
| ड |) व्यापारी चिन्हाचे विविध प्रकार | |
| इ | खातेदाराचा धनादेश अमान्य करण्याचा बँकेचा अधिकार | |

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No. : |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| P-5917 | [Total No. of Pages : 5 |

[6142]-602

T.Y. B.Com.

362 : ADVANCED ACCOUNTING - II

(2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - VI)

| Time: 21/2 | 2 Hou | rs] | | | [Max. Marks : 70 |
|----------------|--|-------|--------------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|
| Instruction | ons to | the c | andidates: | | |
| 1) | Question 1 compulsory. | | | | |
| 2) | Solv | e any | 2 questions from remain | ing Q.N | No. 2, 3 & 4. |
| <i>Q1</i>) A) | Fill in the blank with the most appropriate alternative out of 7): | | | | ropriate alternative (Any five [5] |
| | i) | | is for the pubusiness of the Society | _ | of construction of building for |
| | | a) | Education Fund | b) | Building Fund |
| | | c) | Reserve Fund | d) | Loans and Advances |
| | ii) | | e primary objective in itety is | the for | rmation of Co-operative Credit |
| | | a) | To get maximum pro | fit b) | To maintain stock register |
| | | c) | A & C | d) | Promoting of saving |
| | iii) | Bra | nch account is | | account. |
| | | a) | Real | b) | |
| | | c) | Nominal | d) | None of the above |
| | iv) | Bra | nch which does not | maint | tain its own set of books is |
| | | a) | Dependent branch | b) | Independent branch |
| | | c) | Foreign branch | d) | Local branch |
| | v) | Cor | _ | | CSR) field is closely linked with |
| | | | of | | • |
| | | a) | Sustainable revolution | n | |
| | | b) | Sustainable improven | nent | |
| | | c) | Sustainable developm | nent | |
| | | d) | Sustainable living | | |

| vi) | Financial | Derivative include | des | · | |
|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| | a) Stoc | k | b) | Futures | |
| | c) Bond | ds | d) | All of the above | |
| vii) | The ideal | level of Current | Ratio i | S | |
| | a) 1:1 | | b) | 2:1 | |
| | c) 2:2 | | d) | 1:2 | |
| Tru | e of False | (Any five out of | 7): | | [5] |
| i) | Co-operat | ive Societies are | based o | on the principle of co-operat | ion. |
| ii) | | | s is co | mes to the income side of pr | ofit |
| iii) | • | | g but a | an independent branch, loca | ated |
| iv) | | | | inal account in nature and | d is |
| v) | Forensic a | accounting is very | y usefu | 1 to insurance industry. | |
| vi) | The amou | int paid for an op | tion is | the premium. | |
| vii) | Net Profit profit. | Ratio shows the | relatio | on between net profit and g | ross |
| | 1 | | | | |
| Mat | ch the foll | lowing: | | | [5] |
| Mat | • | _ | | Column B | [5] |
| Mat i) | ch the following Column | _ | a) | Column B Various Comparisons | [5] |
| | ch the following Column | A atory Registers | a) b) | | [5] |
| i) | Column A | A atory Registers | | Various Comparisons Improves the Image | |
| i) ii) | Column A | A atory Registers accounting Accounting | b) | Various Comparisons Improves the Image Business | |
| i) ii) iii) | Column A Non Statu Branch A | Accounting Social | b) c) | Various Comparisons Improves the Image Business Solve Financial Crimes | |
| i) ii) iii) | Corporate | Accounting Social | b) c) | Various Comparisons Improves the Image Business Solve Financial Crimes | |
| i)ii)iii)iv)v) | Corporate Responsib | Accounting Social | b) c) d) e) | Various Comparisons Improves the Image Business Solve Financial Crimes Control the Branches Notice Book | |
| i)ii)iii)iv)v) | Column Non Statu Branch A Forensic Corporate Responsib Ratio Ana te a short | Accounting Social bility alysis | b) c) d) e) | Various Comparisons Improves the Image Business Solve Financial Crimes Control the Branches Notice Book | of |
| i)ii)iii)iv)v)Wri | Column Non Statu Branch A Forensic Corporate Responsib Ratio Ana te a short Features of | A atory Registers accounting Accounting Social bility alysis note (Any three) | b) c) d) e) cieties | Various Comparisons Improves the Image Business Solve Financial Crimes Control the Branches Notice Book | of |
| i) ii) iv) v) Wri i) | Column Non Statu Branch A Forensic Corporate Responsit Ratio Ana te a short Features of Benefits of | Accounting Accounting Social bility alysis note (Any three) of Cooperative So | b) c) d) e) cieties unting | Various Comparisons Improves the Image Business Solve Financial Crimes Control the Branches Notice Book | of |
| i) ii) iv) v) Wri i) ii) | Column Non Statu Branch A Forensic Corporate Responsit Ratio Ana te a short Features of Benefits of Objective | Accounting Accounting Accounting Social bility alysis note (Any three) of Cooperative Social of Forensic Accounting | b) c) d) e) cieties unting unting | Various Comparisons Improves the Image Business Solve Financial Crimes Control the Branches Notice Book | of |
| i) ii) iv) v) Wri ii) iii) | Column Non Statu Branch A Forensic Corporate Responsit Ratio Ana te a short Features of Benefits of Objective Accountin Advantage | Accounting Accounting Accounting Social bility alysis note (Any three) of Cooperative Social of Forensic Accounting | b) c) d) e) cieties unting unting Account | Various Comparisons Improves the Image Business Solve Financial Crimes Control the Branches Notice Book | of |
| | vii) Tru i) ii) iii) v) v) vi) | a) Stock c) Bond vii) The ideal a) 1:1 c) 2:2 True of False i) Co-operat ii) Dividend and loss a iii) A foreign in a foreign | a) Stock c) Bonds vii) The ideal level of Current a) 1:1 c) 2:2 True of False (Any five out of i) Co-operative Societies are ii) Dividend received on share and loss account. iii) A foreign branch is nothin in a foreign country. iv) Branch stock account is prepared in the Branch Bo v) Forensic accounting is very vi) The amount paid for an op vii) Net Profit Ratio shows the | a) Stock c) Bonds d) vii) The ideal level of Current Ratio is a) 1:1 b) c) 2:2 d) True of False (Any five out of 7): i) Co-operative Societies are based of ii) Dividend received on shares is contand loss account. iii) A foreign branch is nothing but a in a foreign country. iv) Branch stock account is a nomprepared in the Branch Books. v) Forensic accounting is very useful vi) The amount paid for an option is vii) Net Profit Ratio shows the relation | c) Bonds d) All of the above vii) The ideal level of Current Ratio is a) 1:1 b) 2:1 c) 2:2 d) 1:2 True of False (Any five out of 7): i) Co-operative Societies are based on the principle of co-operation Dividend received on shares is comes to the income side of principle of and loss account. iii) A foreign branch is nothing but an independent branch, localing a foreign country. iv) Branch stock account is a nominal account in nature and prepared in the Branch Books. v) Forensic accounting is very useful to insurance industry. vi) The amount paid for an option is the premium. vii) Net Profit Ratio shows the relation between net profit and getting the profit and gett |

Q2) From the following Trial Balance of Krushna Consumer Co-operative Society Ltd. Parbhani as on 31/03/2023. Prepare Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31/03/2023 and Balance Sheet as on that date. [20]

| Particulars | Debit Amount Rs. | Credit Amount Rs. |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Opening stock of Goods | 12,000 | |
| Purchases | 3,27,000 | |
| Carriage Inward | 4,000 | |
| Sales | | 3,44,000 |
| Sale of empty bags | | 14,000 |
| Return outward | | 5,000 |
| Salaries | 12,000 | |
| Interest on Govt. Loan | 720 | |
| General Expenses | 150 | |
| Printing & Stationery | 1,420 | |
| Cash in hand | 4,840 | |
| Cash at bank | 6,000 | |
| National Saving Certificate | 500 | |
| Electricity | 320 | |
| Advances | 850 | |
| Debtors | 5,600 | |
| Dead Stock | 800 | |
| Reserve fund | | 10,000 |
| Government Loans | | 6,000 |
| Educational fund | | 1,000 |
| Building | 60,000 | |
| Share Capital | | 50,000 |
| Creditors | | 6,200 |
| Total | 4,36,200 | 4,36,200 |

Adjustments:

- a) Closing Stock was valued at Rs. 18,000.
- b) Audit fees payable Rs. 500.
- c) Depreciation @ 10% on Dead Stock and 5% on Building.
- d) Make provision for bad debts Rs. 200.
- e) Authorised Capital is Rs. 1,00,000 divided into shares of Rs. 20 each.

Q3) From the following Trading Account, Profit & Loss Account and Balance Sheet of RR Ltd on 31st March 2023. [20]

Trading and Profit & Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2023

| Particulars | Amount Rs. | Particulars | Amount Rs. |
|---------------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| To Opening Stock | 10,00,000 | By Sales | 90,00,000 |
| To Purchases | 60,00,000 | By Closing Stock | 12,00,000 |
| To Carriage inward | 2,00,000 | | |
| To Gross Profit | 30,00,000 | | |
| Total | 1,02,00,000 | Total | 1,02,00,000 |
| To Administrative | | By Gross Profit | 30,00,000 |
| Expenses | 14,00,000 | By Other | |
| | | Miscellaneous | |
| To Selling & Distribution | | Expenses | 1,00,000 |
| Expenses | 2,50,000 | | |
| To Non-Operating | | | |
| Expenses | 50,000 | | |
| To Net Profit | 14,00,000 | | |
| Total | 31,00,000 | Total | 31,00,000 |

Balance Sheet as on 31st March 2023

| Particulars | Amount Rs. | Particulars | Amount Rs. |
|------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| Share Capital | 20,00,000 | Land & Building | 10,00,000 |
| Reserve & Surplus | 17,00,000 | Plant & Machinery | 12,00,000 |
| Sundry Creditors | 10,00,000 | Stock | 12,00,000 |
| Provision for Taxation | 2,00,000 | Debtors | 10,00,000 |
| Bills Payable | 3,00,000 | Bills Receivable | 2,00,000 |
| | | Cash at Bank | 6,00,000 |
| Total | 52,00,000 | Total | 52,00,000 |

You are calculate the following ratios:

- a) Current Ratio
- b) Liquid Ratio
- c) Operating Ratio
- d) Gross Profit Ratio
- e) Net Profit Ratio
- f) Debtors Turnover Ratio

Q4) Rohi Corporation of Dhule has a branch at Solapur. The head office invoice goods to branch at cost plus 1/3. The branch transfers all cash received to Head Office daily and all branch expenses are paid from Head Office. The information available as follows:[20]

| Particulars | Amount Rs. |
|--|------------|
| Branch Stock at invoice price (1.4.2022) | 80,000 |
| Branch Debtors (1.4.2022) | 20,000 |
| Petty Cash (1.4.2022) | 2,000 |
| Cash Sales | 30,000 |
| Discount allowed to Branch Debtors | 4,000 |
| Bad Debts written off | 3,000 |
| Return from customer | 1,500 |
| Collection from Debtors | 1,20,000 |
| Goods sent to Branch (Invoice Price) | 2,00,000 |
| Goods return to H.O. (Invoice Price) | 16,000 |
| Credit Sales | 1,50,000 |
| Closing Stock at invoice price (31.3.2023) | 1,00,000 |
| Cheques received from H.O. for expenses | |
| Salaries 12,000 | |
| Rent & Taxes 6,000 | |
| Advertising 5,000 | |
| Petty Cash $3,000$ | 26,000 |
| Actual Petty Expenses incurred by Branch | 4,000 |

You are to prepare following branch accounts for the year ending on 31/3/2023.

- a) Branch Stock A/c,
- b) Branch Debtors A/c,
- c) Branch Petty Cash A/c.
- d) Branch Adjustment A/c.
- e) Brach Expenses A/c.
- f) Branch Profit and Loss A/c.



| Total No. of Questions : 6] | SEAT No.: | |
|-----------------------------|------------|----------------|
| P5918 | [Total | No. of Pages : |

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BUSINESS ECONOMICS

363 : Indian and Global Economic Development - II (CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

| | | | (CBCS 2019 I attern |) (361 | nester - v1) | |
|---------------|------|-------|--|---------|-----------------------|--------------|
| Time : 2 | | - | | | [Max | . Marks : 70 |
| | | | andidates: No. 1 and augstion No. 6 and | aammu | dsom | |
| 1) 2) | _ | | No. 1 and question No. 6 are Three questions from the que | - | • | |
| 3) | | • | the right indicate full mark | | ,.,,, | |
| Q1) A) | Fill | in th | e blanks: (Any 5) | | | [5×1=5] |
| | i) | The | e Human development Ir | ndex is | released by | |
| | | a) | World bank | b) | I.M.F | |
| | | c) | United Nations | d) | U.S.A | |
| | ii) | F.D | O.I. Stands for | | | |
| | | a) | Foreign direct investme | ent | | |
| | | b) | Foreign domestic inves | stment | | |
| | | c) | Foreign direct intervent | tion | | |
| | | d) | Foreign direct intermed | liation | | |
| | iii) | | is called the engin | e of ec | conomic development. | |
| | | a) | Domestic trade | b) | National Income | |
| | | c) | National trade | d) | International trade | |
| | iv) | SA | ARC headquarter is loca | ated as | S | |
| | | a) | Kathmandu | b) | Manila | |
| | | c) | New Delhi | d) | Mumbai | |
| | v) | The | e government's policy of | impo | rt-export is known as | |
| | | a) | Financial policy | b) | Monetary policy | |
| | | c) | Foreign trade policy | d) | Fiscal policy | |
| | vi) | Ind | lia is the founder membe | r of | | |
| | | a) | E.U. | b) | U.S.A. | |
| | | c) | OPEC | d) | BRICS | |

Match the following. B) [5] Group B Group A Mehboob-ul-Huq W.T.O i) a) Trade of Visible goods **SAARC** ii) b) iii) G.D.I. c) 1995 Group of Eight Countries iv) Balance of trade d) Gender Development Index. v) H.D.I e) **Q2)** Explain the role of human resources in economic development. [15] Q3) Explain in details the foreign capital investment in India since 2001 [15] Q4) Explain the role of foreign trade in economic development. [15] **Q5)** Explain the function of world trade organization. [15] **Q6)** Write short notes. (any three) [15] Human poverty Index a) Balance of payment. b) **SAARC** c) EXIM policy. d) Global Hunger Index(G.H.I) e)



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[6142]-603 T.Y.B.Com.

BUSINESS ECONOMICS

363 : Indian and Global Economic Development - II (CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

| वेळ <i>: 2½</i> त | ास/ | | | | /एकूण गुण | п <i>: 70</i> |
|-------------------|----------------|---------|---|---------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| सूचना :- | 1) 2) 3) | प्रश्न | क्र. 1 आणि 6 अनिवार्य आहेत. क्र. 2, 3, 4 आणि 5 यापैकी को ोकडील अंक पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात. | णतेही त | ीन प्रश्न सोडवा <i>.</i> | |
| प्र. 1) अ) | रिका | म्या जा | गा भरा. (कोणत्याही पाच) | | | [5] |
| | i) | मानव | । विकास निर्देशांक द्व | रे प्रसि | द्व केला जातो. | |
| | | अ) | जागतिक बँक | ब) | आय.एम.एफ. | |
| | | क) | संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघटना | ड) | यु.एस.ए. | |
| | ii) | एफ.उ | डी.आय. (F.D.I.) चा अर्थ | ••••• | | |
| | | अ) | परकीय प्रत्यक्ष गुंतवणुक | ब) | परकीय देशांतर्गंत गुंतवणुक | |
| | | क) | परकीय थेट हस्तक्षेप | ਭ) | परकीय थेट मध्यस्थी | |
| | iii) | •••• | व्यापाराला आर्थिक विकासा | चे इंजि | न म्हणतात. | |
| | | अ) | देशांतर्गत व्यापार | ब) | राष्ट्रीय उत्पन्न | |
| | | क) | राष्ट्रीय व्यापार | ਭ) | आंतरराष्ट्रीय व्यापार | |
| | iv) | सार्क | (SAARC) चे मुख्यालय | • • • • • • • | येथे आहे. | |
| | | अ) | काठमांडु | ब) | मनिला | |
| | | क) | नवी दिल्ली | ਭ) | मुंबई | |
| | v) | आय | ात-निर्यातीबद्दलच्या सरकारच्या ध | गोरणाल | ाम्हणतात. | |
| | | अ) | वित्तिय धोरण | ब) | मौद्रिक धोरण | |
| | | क) | परकीय व्यापार धोरण | ड) | राजकोषीय धोरण | |
| | vi) | भारत | ा हाचा संस्थापक स | ादस्य अ | गहे. | |
| | | अ) | इ.यू. | ब) | यु.एस.ए. | |
| | | क) | ओपेक | ਭ) | ब्रिक्स | |

| | ब) खालील जोड्या लावा. | | | | [5] | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------|--|--------|------------------------|------|
| | | | गट अ | | गट ब | |
| | | i) | डब्ल्यू.टी.ओ. | अ) | महेबुब-उल-हक | |
| | | ii) | सार्क (SAARC) | ब) | दृश्य वस्तुंचा व्यापार | |
| | | iii) | जी.डी.आय (G.D.I.) | क) | 1995 | |
| | | iv) | व्यापार समतोल | ਭ) | 8 देशांचा समुह | |
| | | v) | एच.डी.आय. (H.D.I.) | इ) | लिंग विकास निर्देशांक | |
| प्र. 2) | આ ર્થિ | क विब | कासात मानवी संसाधनाची भूमिका स्पष्ट क | ज्स. | | [15] |
| प्र. 3) | भारत | ातील 2 | 2001 पासुनची परकीय भांडवल गुंतवणुव | ह सविक | तर स्पष्ट करा. | [15] |
| प्र.4) आर्थिक विकासातील परकीय व्यापाराची भूमिका स्पष्ट करा. | | | | | | [15] |
| प्र. 5) | जागि | तेक व्य | ाापार संघटनेचे कार्ये स्पष्ट करा. | | | [15] |
| प्र. 6) | टिपा | लिहा. | (कोणत्याही तीन) | | | [15] |
| | अ) | मानर्व | ो दारिद्र्य निर्देशांक | | | |
| | ब) | व्यवह | इारतोल | | | |
| | क) | सार्क | (SAARC) | | | |
| | ड) | एक्झी | म पॉलिसी (EXIM Policy) | | | |
| | इ) जागतिक भूक निर्देशांक (G.H.I.) | | | | | |



| Total No. of Questions : 6] | | SEAT No.: | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|------------------|---------|
| P5919 | 171 101 701 | [Total No. of Pa | ges : 4 |

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| | | | 363 : International l (CBCS 2019 Pattern) | | |
|---------------|---------------------|--------|---|--------|----------------------------------|
| Time : 27 | / ₂ Hour | s] | | | [Max. Marks : 70 |
| | | | andidates: | | |
| 1) 2) | _ | | o. 1 and question No. 6 are c hree questions from the ques | - | |
| 3) | | - | the right side indicate full m | | vo.2 to question ivo.5 |
| Q1) A) | Fill | in the | e blanks: (Any 5) | | [5×1=5] |
| | i) | To | remove the imbalance | in the | e balance of payment |
| | | inst | ruments have to used. | | |
| | | a) | Monetary & Non Monet | ary N | Measures |
| | | b) | Capital & Non capital | | |
| | | | Monetary & fiscal | | |
| | | d) | Fiscal & social | | |
| | ii) | | • | | onsidered from a broad point of |
| | | viev | w is the balance of payme | nt is | always |
| | | a) | In an unbalance stage | b) | Balance stage |
| | | c) | Stable stage | | Unstable stage |
| | iii) | The is | e market where the exchang | ge of | currencies between two countries |
| | | a) - | Money Market | b) | Capital Market |
| | | c) | | - 1 | • |
| | iv) | | of the following is a | | |
| | , | | | - | Problems of Unemployment |
| | | c) | Oppressive conditions | d) | All of the above |
| | v) | - | e international monetary fu | - | |
| | | a) | 1940 | b) | 1942 |
| | | c) | 1946 | d) | 1947 |
| | vi) | | is the main objectiv | es of | the world Bank. |
| | | a) | Reconstruction | | |
| | | b) | Loans to correct imbala | nce | |
| | | c) | Promotion of global trac | de | |
| | | d) | Exchange control | | |

| | B) |) Match the following. | | | | |
|-----|---|------------------------|---|--------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | | Group A | | Group B | |
| | | i) | Balance of payment | a) | Fixed & Flexible | |
| | | ii) | Exchange Rate | b) | Current & Capital Account | |
| | | iii) | Purchasing power theory | c) | SAARC | |
| | | iv) | Rigional organization | d) | 1995 | |
| | | v) | World trade organization | e) | Gustar Kasel. | |
| Q2) | | | n Imbalance of Balance of payme of payment? | nent? | Explain the causes of imbalance [15] | |
| Q3) | Wha ^r marl | | reign Exchange Market? Expla | in the | e functions of Foreign exchange [15] | |
| Q4) | (4) What is multinational corporations? Explain the role of multinational corporation. [15] | | | | | |
| Q5) | (5) Explain in detail the organization and functions of the international monetary fund. [15] | | | | | |
| Q6) | Writ | e sho | ort notes. (Any 3) | | [15] | |
| | a) | Curr | rent and Capital Account of Bal | lance | of Payment. | |
| | b) | URC | Doller Market. | | | |
| | c) | Fore | eign Direct Investment. | | | |
| | d) | Wor | ld Bank. | | | |
| | e) | BRI | CS | | | |
| | | | | | | |



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363 : International Economics - II (CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

| वेळ <i>: 2½</i> त | ास/ | | | | /एकूण गुण | T: 70 |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|--|---------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| सूचना :- | <i>1)</i> | प्रश्न | क्र. 1 आणि 6 सोडविणे अनिवार्य | आहेत. | | |
| | <i>2)</i> | प्रश्न | क्र. 2, 3, 4 आणि 5 यापैकी को | णतेही त | ीन प्रश्न सोडवा . | |
| | 3) | उजर्व | ोकडील अंक प्रश्नांचे पूर्ण गुण दर्श | वितात. | | |
| | 4) | संदभ | र्गासाठी मुळ इंग्रजी प्रश्नपत्रिका पहा | वी. | | |
| प्र. 1) अ) | योग्य | पर्याय | निवडून रिकाम्या जागा भरा. (को | गतेही प | ाच) | [5] |
| | i) | व्यव | हारतोलातील असमतोल दूर करण्या | साठी | साधनांचा वापर करावा ल | गगतो. |
| | | अ) | चलनी व बिगर चलनी | ब) | भांडवली व बिगर भांडवली | |
| | | क) | चलनी व राजकोषीय | ਭ) | राजकोषीय व सामाजिक | |
| | ii) | व्यव | हार तोलाचा व्यापक दृष्टीकोनातून र् | वेचार वे | hला असता व्यवहारतोल हा नेहमी | • • • • • • |
| | | असर | नो. | | | |
| | | अ) | असंतुलीत आवस्थेत | ब) | संतुलीत आवस्थेत | |
| | | क) | स्थिर आवस्थेत | ड) | अस्थिर आवस्थेत | |
| | iii) | दोन | देशांतील चलनांची आदलाबदल क | रण्यार्च | ो व्यवस्था असणारा बाजार म्हणजे | |
| | | अ) | नाणे बाजार | ब) | भांडवल बाजार | |
| | | क) | रोखे बाजार | ड) | परकीय विनिमय बाजार | |
| | iv) | पुढीत | नपैकी ही परकीय भां | डवलार्च | ी समस्या आहे. | |
| | | अ) | आर्थिक शोषण | ब) | बेकारीची समस्या | |
| | | क) | जाचक अटी | ਭ) | वरील सर्व | |
| | v) | आंत | रराष्ट्रीय नाणेनिधी ची स्थापना | • • • • • • • | या वर्षी करण्यात आली. | |
| | | अ) | 1940 | ब) | 1942 | |
| | | क) | 1946 | ਭ) | 1947 | |
| | vi) | •••• | हे जागतिक बँकेचे मुख्य उ | उद्दीष्ठ ः | आहे. | |
| | | अ) | पुनर्बांधनी | ब) | देयक शिल्लक मध्ये योग्य असंतुलनासार | 3ी कर्ज |
| | | क) | जागतिक व्यापाराला प्रोत्साहन | ਭ) | विनिमय नियंत्रण | |

| | ৰ) | खाल | लि जोड्या लावा. | | | [5] |
|---|---------|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| | | | अ गट | | ब गट | |
| | | i) | व्यवहारतोल | अ) | स्थिर आणि लवचिक | |
| | | ii) | विनिमय दर | ब) | चालु आणि भांडवली खाते | |
| | | iii) | क्रयशक्ती सिद्धांत | क) | सार्क | |
| | | iv) | प्रादेशिक संघटना | ਭ) | 1995 | |
| | | v) | जागतिक व्यापार संघटना | इ) | गुस्ताव कॅसल | |
| प्र. 2) |) व्यवह | ग़र तोल | ाातील असमतोल म्हणजे काय? व्यवहार त | गोलाती | | करा. [15] |
| प्र. 3) | परकी | य विनि | मिय बाजार म्हणजे काय? परकीय विनिम | य बाज | ाराची कार्ये सविस्तर स्पष्ट करा. | [15] |
| प्र. 4) बहुराष्ट्रीय महामंडळ म्हणजे काय? बहुराष्ट्रीय महामंडळाची भूमिका सविस्तर स्पष्ट करा. [15] | | | | | | [15] |
| प्र. 5) | आंतर | राष्ट्रीय ः | नाणेनिधीचे संघटन आणि कार्ये सविस्तर स | पष्ट कर | π. [| [15] |
| | | | | | | |
| प्र. 6) | टिपा | लिहा. | (कोणत्याही तीन) | | I | [15] |
| | अ) | व्यवह | ग़र तोलाचे चालु व भांडवली खाते | | | |
| | ब) | युरो ड | डॉलर बाजार | | | |
| | क) | थेट वि | वेदेशी गुंतवणूक | | | |
| | ਭ) | जागि | तेक बँक | | | |
| | इ) | ब्रिक्स | ī | | | |



| Total No. | of Qu | nestions: 3] | SEAT No. : |
|----------------|--------|--|-------------------------|
| P-8297 | 7 | | [Total No. of Pages : 6 |
| 1-0497 | | [6142]-605 | į and an angel |
| | | T.Y. B.Com. | |
| | | 364 : AUDITING AND TAXAT | TION - II |
| | | (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semes | |
| Time : 21/2 | /2 Hou | urs] | [Max. Marks : 50 |
| Instructi | ons to | the candidates: | |
| 1) | All | questions are compulsory. | |
| 2) | Figu | ures to the right indicate full marks. | |
| 3) | Use | of a calculator is allowed. | |
| Q1) a) | Def | ine the following terms (Any Five): | [10] |
| | i) | Assessee | |
| | ii) | Assessment Year | |
| | iii) | Agricultural Income | |
| | iv) | Exempted Income | |
| | v) | Previous Year | |
| | vi) | Perquisites | |
| b) | Wri | ite Short Notes (Any Two): | [10] |
| , | i) | Income | |
| | ii) | Tax Deducted at source | |

iii) Advanced Tax

[14]

- a) Mr. Sampatrao Palghadmal, Songaon provides the following information: [7]
 - i) Salary Rs. 20,000 p.m.
 - ii) Bonus Rs. 12,000 p.a.
 - iii) Education Allowance (2 Children) Rs. 580 p.m. per child
 - iv) Hostel Allowance (2 Children) Rs. 500 p.m. per child

- v) Commission Rs. 50,000 p.a.
- vi) Tiffin Allowance Rs. 1,000 p.m.
- vii) House Rent Allowance is Rs. 10,000 p.m. (Rent Paid by him Rs. 1,000 p.m.)
- viii) He has been provided a 1600 cc car and driver for private and official purposes. Expenses are borne by the employer.
- ix) He has paid professional tax of Rs. 2,500 p.a. Compute his net taxable salary income for the A.Y. 2024-25 under the old regime.
- b) Compute income from the House property of Mr. Mohan Sansare, Devlali Pravara, for the A.Y. 2024-25 from the following particulars under the old regime. [7]

| Particulars | Rs. |
|---------------------------|----------|
| Municipal Value | 3,00,000 |
| Fair Rent | 2,20,000 |
| Standard Rent | 2,00,000 |
| Annual Rent | 2,50,000 |
| Unrealised Rent | 10,000 |
| Vacancy Period (3 months) | |
| Municipal Tax | 5,000 |
| Interest on Loan | 40,000 |

c) Following is the Profit and Loss A/c for the Business of Mr. Chhaburao Shinde, Bodhegaon, for the financial year ended on 31st March 2024.

[7]

Profit and Loss A/c
For the year ended on 31st March 2024

| Particulars | Rs. | Particulars | Rs. |
|---------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|
| To Salary | 1,15,000 | By Gross Profit | 3,50,000 |
| To Interest on Loan | 50,250 | By Interest on | 6,000 |
| | | Bank Deposit | |
| To Advertisement | 6,000 | By Sundry Receipt | 18,000 |
| To RDD | 6,000 | By Gift from mother | 60,000 |
| To Fire Insurance | 5,000 | | |
| To Wealth Tax | 25,000 | | |
| To Office Expenses | 6,000 | | |
| To Income tax | 6,000 | | |
| provision | | | |
| To Depreciation | 40,000 | | |
| To Net Profit | 1,74,750 | | |
| Total | 4,34,000 | Total | 4,34,000 |

Other Information:

- i) A bank Loan is taken for business purposes.
- ii) Depreciation is allowed as per the Income Tax Rule is Rs. 56,250/-
- iii) Advertisement includes Rs. 3,500/- as expenses for selling household purpose
- iv) Salary includes Rs. 10,500/- paid for the domestic purpose you are required to compute Taxable income from the business for A.Y. 2024-2025 as per the old regime.
- Q3) Mr.. Bhaskar Shelke has given the following particulars of his income and savings for the financial year ending on 31.3.2024.[16]

| a) | Gross Salary | Rs. 1,20,000 |
|----|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| b) | Profit Business | Rs. 1,30,000 |
| c) | Interest on Government Securities | Rs. 3,400 |
| d) | Income from House Property | Rs. 14,500 |
| e) | He Paid Professional Tax | Rs. 2,500 |
| f) | Income Tax Paid | Rs. 35,000 |

g) He paid Rs. 9280 for LIC premium. He deposited in PPF Rs. 8,000. He invested Rs. 3,500 in NSC and made F.D for 5 years in State Bank of India Rs. 35,000/-

Compute his taxable income for A.Y. 2024-25 and Tax Liability under

- i) Taxation under old regime
- ii) Taxation under New Regime



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364 : अंकेक्षण आणि आयकर - II (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - VI) (मराठी रूपांतर)

वेळ : 2½ तास]

[एकूण गुण : 50

सूचना :

- 1) सर्व प्रश्न सोडविणे आवश्यक आहेत.
- 2) उजवीकडील अंक प्रश्नाचे पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात.
- प्रश्न 1) अ) खालील संकल्पना स्पष्ट करा. (कोणतेही पाँच)

[10]

- i) करपात्र व्यक्ती
- ii) करनिर्धारण वर्ष
- iii) कृषी उत्पन्न
- iv) करमुक्त उत्पन्न
- v) मागील वर्ष
- vi) सोयी व सुविधा
- ब) थोडक्यात टीपा लिहा (कोणत्याही दोन) :

[10]

- i) उत्पन्न
- ii) उगमस्थान स्त्रोतावर कर कपात
- iii) आगाऊ कर

प्रश्न 2) उदाहरणे सोडवा (कोणतीही दोन) :

[14]

अ) श्री संपतराव पाडघळमल सोनगाव खालील माहिती देतात :

[7]

- i) पगार रू 20,000 दरमहा
- ii) बोनस रू 12,000 वार्षिक
- iii) शिक्षण भत्ता (2 मुळे) रू 580 दरमहा, प्रती मुलासाठी
- iv) वसतीगृह भत्ता (2 मुळे) रू 500 दरमहा, प्रती मुलासाठी
- v) कमिशन रू 50,000 वार्षिक

P.T.O.

- vi) टिफीन भत्ता रू 1,000 दरमहा
- vii) घरभाडे भत्ता रू 10,000 दरमहा (व त्याने दिलेले भाडे रू 1,000 दरमहा)
- viii) त्याला खाजगी व कार्यालयीन कामासाठी 1600 इंधनक्षमतेची गाडी व चालक देण्यात आलेला आहे. त्याचा खर्च नियोक्त्याद्वारे केला जातो.
- ix) त्याने रू 2,500/- वार्षिक असा व्यवसाय कर भरलेला आहे. करनिर्धारण वर्ष 2024-25 साठी जुन्या कर नियमाप्रमाणे त्याच्या निव्वळ करपात्र वेतन उत्पन्नाची गणना करा.
- ब) श्री मोहन संसारे, देवळाली प्रवरा, यांच्या घराच्या मालमत्तेसाठी करनिर्धारण वर्ष 2024-25 साठी जुन्या कर प्रणाली अंतर्गत खालील तपशीलावरून मिळकत मोजा [7]

| तपशील | रूपये |
|-----------------------------------|----------|
| नगरपालिका मूल्य | 3,00,000 |
| वाजवी भाडे | 2,20,000 |
| मानक भाडे | 2,00,000 |
| वार्षिक भाडे | 2,50,000 |
| न मिळालेले भाडे | 10,000 |
| रिकाम्या जागेचा कालावधी (3 महिने) | |
| महानगरपालिका कर | 5,000 |
| कर्जावरील व्याज | 40,000 |

क) 31 मार्च 2024 रोजी संपलेल्या आर्थिक वर्षासाठी श्री. छबुराव शिंदे, बोधेगाव यांच्या व्यवसायाचा नफा आणि तोटा खाते खालीलप्रमाणे आहे : [7]

नफा आणि तोटा खाते 31 मार्च 2024

| तपशील | रूपये | तपशील | रूपये |
|------------------|----------|--------------------|----------|
| पगार | 1,15,000 | एकूण नफा | 3,50,000 |
| कर्जावरील व्याज | 50,250 | बँक ठेवीवरील व्याज | 6,000 |
| जाहिरात | 6,000 | इतर जाम | 18,000 |
| आर डी.डी. | 6,000 | आईकडून भेटवस्तू | 60,000 |
| आग विमा | 5,000 | | |
| संप्पती कर | 25,000 | | |
| कार्याल्यीन खर्च | 6,000 | | |
| आयकर तरतूद | 6,000 | | |
| घसारा | 40,000 | | |
| निव्वळ नफा | 1,74,750 | | |
| एकूण | 4,34,000 | एकूण | 4,34,000 |

इतर माहिती:

- i) व्यवसायासाठी बँकेचे कर्ज घेतले जाते.
- ii) आयकर कायद्यानुसार रू 56250/- घसारा संमत आहे.
- iii) जाहिरात खर्चात घरगुती फर्निचरच्या विक्रीसाठी खर्च केलेले रू 3500/- समाविष्ठ आहेत.
- iv) पगारामध्ये घरगुती खर्चासाठी दिलेले रू 10500/- समाविष्ठ आहेत जुन्या करप्रणालीअंतर्गत करनिर्धारण वर्ष 2024-2025 साठी व्यवसायातील करपात्र उत्पन्न काढा.
- प्रश्न 3) श्री भास्कर शेळके यांनी 31.3.2024 रोजी संपणाऱ्या आर्थिक वर्षासाठी त्यांचे उत्पन्न आणि बचतीचे खालील तपशील दिलेले आहेत. त्यावरून करनिर्धारण वर्ष 2024-25 साठी करपात्र उत्पन्न व करदेयता जुन्या व नव्या करप्रणाली अंतर्गत मोजा. [16]

| अ) | एकूण पगार | ₹ 1,20,000 |
|----|-----------------------------|------------|
| ब) | व्यवसायातील नफा | ₹ 1,30,000 |
| क) | सरकारी सिक्युरिटीवरील व्याज | ₹ 3,400 |
| ड) | घर मालमत्तेचे उत्पन्न | ₹ 14,500 |
| इ) | त्याने व्यावसायिक कर भरला | ₹ 2,500 |
| फ) | त्याने आयकर भरला | ₹ 35,000 |

य) त्याने जीवनविमा हप्ता रू 9280 भरला आहे. तसेच रू 8,000. सार्वजनिक भविष्यनिर्वाह निधी भरला आहे. राष्ट्रीय बचत प्रमाणपत्रामध्ये रू 3,500 गुंतवले आहेत व स्टेट बँक ऑफ इंडियामध्ये 5 वर्षासाठी रू 35,000 ची पक्की ठेव ठेवली आहे.



| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No.: |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| P-5020 | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |

[6142]-606

T.Y. B.Com.

365 (a): BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION - II Human Resource Management & Marketing (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - VI)

| <i>Time</i> : 2 ¹ / | 2 Hou | rs] | [Max. Marks : 50 | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|---|--|--|--|
| Instructi | ons to | the c | candidates : | | | |
| 1) | () All questions are compulsory. | | | | | |
| 2) | Figu | ures t | to the right indicate full marks. | | | |
| <i>Q1</i>) A) | Fill | in th | ne blank with the most appropriate alternative (any Five): [5] | | | |
| | i) | Ma | rketing is a process which aims at | | | |
| | | a) | Production | | | |
| | | b) | Profit-making | | | |
| | | c) | The satisfaction of customer needs | | | |
| | ii) | | is the father of Modern Marketing. | | | |
| | | a) | Abraham Maslow | | | |
| | | b) | Philip Kotler | | | |
| | | c) | Peter Drucker | | | |
| | iii) | Wa | nt for a specific product backed by an ability to pay is called | | | |
| | | | · | | | |
| | | a) | Demand | | | |
| | | b) | Need | | | |
| | | c) | Want | | | |
| | iv) | | is not a type of Marketing Concept. | | | |
| | | a) | production concept | | | |
| | | b) | supplier concept | | | |
| | | c) | selling concept | | | |

| | | v) | is a combination of quality, service & price | | | | | |
|-------------|------|--------|--|-----------------------------------|--------|---|--|--|
| | | | a) | Marketing Triad | | | | |
| | | | b) Customer Value Triad | | | | | |
| | | | c) | Service Quality Triad | | | | |
| | | vi) | | is the major ol | ojecti | ve of any marketing activity in | | |
| | | | the | world. | | | | |
| | | | a) | Production | | | | |
| | | | b) | Selling | | | | |
| | | | c) | Assembling | | | | |
| | B) | Mate | ch th | e following: | | [5] | | |
| | | | Col | umn A | | Column B | | |
| | | i) | Pro | duct | a) | Confectionery | | |
| | | ii) | Reta | niler | b) | Cost plus pricing | | |
| | | iii) | Mar | kup pricing | c) | Standardized grade name for agricultural products | | |
| | | iv) | ISI | | d) | Sells to the ultimate customer | | |
| | | v) | Cus | tomary Pricing | e) | Bundle of utilities | | |
| Q2) | Writ | te a s | hort | note (any two): | | [10] | | |
| | a) | Obje | ective | es of Marketing | | | | |
| | b) | Lim | itatio | ons of Market Segmentat | ion | | | |
| | c) | Brar | nd Lo | oyalty | | | | |
| | d) | Тур | es of | Advertising Media | | | | |
| Q3) | a) | Expl | lain t | the scope and objectives | of M | arketing. [8] | | |
| | b) | _ | | the concept of Advertising Media. | ng an | d explain the different types of [7] | | |
| Q4) | a) | State | e the | advantages and disadvar | ntage | s of market segmentation. [8] | | |
| | b) | Expl | plain concept of product life cycle. [7] | | | | | |
| | | | | 000 | l | | | |

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[6142]-606

T.Y. B.Com.

365 (a): BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION - II

Human Resource Management & Marketing

(2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - VI) (मराठी रूपांतर)

वेळ : 2½ तास] [एकूण गुण : 50

सूचना :

- 1) सर्व प्रश्न अनिवार्य आहेत.
- उजवीकडे दिलेली संख्या पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात. 2) प्रश्न 1) अ) रिकाम्या जागा भरा. (कोणत्याही 5) [5] विपणन ही एक प्रक्रिया आहे ज्याचा उद्देश आहे. i) अ) उत्पादन नफा मिळवणे ਕ) क) ग्राहकांच्या गरजा पूर्ण करणे हे आधुनिक विपणनाचे जनक आहेत. ii) अ) अब्राहम मास्लो फिलिप कोटलर ਕ) क) पीटर इकर देय देण्याच्या क्षमतेद्वारे समर्थित विशिष्ट उत्पादनाची इच्छा म्हणजे मागणी अ) ਕ) गरज क) हवी
 - iv) ही विपणन संकल्पनेचा प्रकार नाही.
 - अ) उत्पादन संकल्पना
 - ब) पुरवठादार संकल्पना
 - क) विक्री संकल्पना
 - v) हे गुणवत्तेचे, सेवेचे आणि किंमत चे संयोजन आहे.

3

- अ) मार्केटिंग ट्रायड
- ब) कस्टमर व्हॅल्यू ट्रायड
- क) सर्व्हिस क्वालिटी ट्रायड

P.T.O.

| | | vi) | • • • • • | हे जगात | तील कोणत्य | गही वि | वेपणन क्रियाकलापाचे प्रमुख उद्दिष्ट उ | भाहे. |
|-----------|------|------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------------|--------|---------------------------------------|-------|
| | | | अ) | प्रमोशन | | | | |
| | | | ब) | सेलिंग | | | | |
| | | | क) | असेंबलिंग | | | | |
| | ब) | योग्य | जोड्य | ा जुळवा. | | | | [5] |
| | | | रकान | ा अ | | | रकाना ब | |
| | | i) | उत्पा | इन | ; | अ) | कन्फेक्शनरी | |
| | | ii) | किरव | नोळ विक्रेता | 7 | ब) | किंमत अधिक किंमत | |
| | | iii) | मार्कः | अप किंमत | 7 | क) | कृषी उत्पादनांसाठी प्रमाणित श्रेणीचे | नाव |
| | | iv) | ISI | | 3 | ड) | अंतिम ग्राहकाला विकतो | |
| | | v) | प्रचि | नेत किंमत | 3 | इ) | उपयुक्तता बंडल | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| प्रश्न 2) | थोडव | क्र्यात वि | टेपा लि | हा. (कोणत्याही 2 | 2) | | | [10] |
| | अ) | विपण | ानाची ः | उद्दिष्ट्ये | | | | |
| | ब) | बाजा | रपेठ वि | भाजनाच्या मर्यादा | ī | | | |
| | क) | चिन्हो | किन नि | ोष्ठा | | | | |
| | ਭ) | जाहि | रात मा | ध्यमाचे प्रकार | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| प्रश्न 3) | अ) | विपण | ानाची | व्याप्ती आणि उद्दिष्ट | ह्ये स्पष्ट कर | π. | | [8] |
| | ब) | जाहि | रात ही | संकल्पना स्पष्ट क | रून जाहिरा | त माध | यमांचे विविध प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. | [7] |
| | | | | | | | | |
| प्रश्न 4) | अ) | बाजा | र विभा | जनाचे फायदे व तं | ोटे सांगा. | | | [8] |
| | ब) | वस्तू | जीवन | वक्र ही संकल्पना | स्पष्ट करा. | | | [7] |
| | | | | | | | | |

| Total No. of Questions: 4] | SEAT No. : |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| P-5921 | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |

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T.Y. B.Com.

BANKING AND FINANCE - II

365 (B): Financial Markets and Institutions in India - II (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (CBCS)

| <i>Time</i> : 2 ¹ / | 2 Hou | rs] | | | [Max. Marks : 50 | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Instructio | ons to | the c | candidates: | | - | | | |
| 1) | All questions are compulsory. | | | | | | | |
| 2) | • • | | | | | | | |
| <i>Q1</i>) A) | Fill | in t | he Blanks (Attmept any | five |): [5] | | | |
| | i) | | is not related to a | stocl | k exchange. | | | |
| | | a) | Knowledge Process Ou | tsour | cing (KPO) | | | |
| | | b) | Net Asset Value (NAV) | | | | | |
| | | c) | Initial Public Offering (1 | PO) | | | | |
| | | d) | National Stock Exchange | ge (N | SE) | | | |
| | ii) | | is responsible f | or the | e fluctuations in the SENSEX. | | | |
| | | a) | Rain, drought, floods | b) | Monetary policy | | | |
| | | c) | Political instability | d) | All of the above | | | |
| iii) is the limit below which a stock price can | | | | | ch a stock price cannot trade on | | | |
| | | a pa | articular Trading day. | | | | | |
| | | a) | Upper circuit | b) | Lower circuit | | | |
| | | c) | Upper and lower circuit | s d) | None of the ahove | | | |
| | iv) | regulates and supervises NBFCs | | | | | | |
| | | a) | Finance Ministry | b) | SEBI | | | |
| | | c) | RBI | d) | Respective state government | | | |
| | v) | The | The central office of the Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) | | | | | |
| | | is 1 | ocated at | | | | | |
| | | a) | New Delhi | b) | Chennai | | | |
| | | c) | Pune | d) | Mumbai | | | |
| | vi) | SE | BI was primarily set up to | 0 | | | | |
| | | a) | | | | | | |
| | | b) | To control the operation | ns of | mutual funds | | | |
| | | c) | To work as a regulator of | of the | stock exchange activities | | | |
| | | d) | All of the above | | | | | |

| | B) | Match the following: [5] | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | i) | SENSEX | a) | 50 Companies | | | | |
| | | ii) | Nifty | b) | Aditya Birla Finance Ltd | | | | |
| | | iii) | NBFC | c) | Bombay Stock Exchange | | | | |
| | | iv) | IRDA | d) | Higher demand for shares than supply | | | | |
| | | v) | Upper circuits | e) | Regulating and Licensing the insurance industries in India | | | | |
| Q 2) | Wri | te sh | ort notes (Any Two): | | [10] | | | | |
| | a) | Mer | chant Banking | | | | | | |
| | b) | Trade Settlement | | | | | | | |
| | c) | Lease financing | | | | | | | |
| | d) | Functions of SEBI | | | | | | | |
| Q3) | a) | Writ | te a detailed note on Bombay S | Stock | Exchange. [8] | | | | |
| | b) | Exp | lain the types of stock trading. | | [7] | | | | |
| Q4) | a) | Exp | lain the career opportunities in | Insu | rance sector. [8] | | | | |
| | b) | Explain the functions of IRDA. [7] | | | | | | | |
| $\bigvee\bigvee\bigvee\bigvee$ | | | | | | | | | |

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T.Y. B.Com.

BANKING AND FINANCE - II

365 (B): Financial Markets and Institutions in India - II (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (CBCS)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

| | | | | (मराठा रूपात | () | |
|---------------|------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| वेळ : 21/2 | तास] | | | | | [एकूण गुण : 50 |
| सूचना : | <i>1</i>) | सर्व प्र | ाश्न आ | ावश्यक आहेत. | | |
| | 2) | उजर्वा | ोकडील | । अंक प्रश्नाचे पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात | 7. | |
| | 3) | | | इंग्रजी प्रश्नपत्रिका पहावी. | | |
| प्रश्न 1) | अ) | रिकाम | या जा | गा भरा. (कोणत्याही पाच) | | [5] |
| | | i) | ••••• | रोखे बाजाराशी संबंधित नाही | • | |
| | | | अ) | नॉलेज प्रोसेस आउटसोर्सिंग (K | PO) | |
| | | | ब) | निव्वळ मालमत्ता मूल्य (NAV) |) | |
| | | | क) | प्रारंभिक सार्वजनिक भाग विक्री | OqI) |) |
| | | | ਭ) | राष्ट्रीय रोखे बाजार (NSE) | | |
| | | ii) | ••••• | हे सेन्सेक्समधील चढउतार | साठी ज | ाबाबदार ठरते. |
| | | | अ) | पाऊस, दुष्काळ, पूर | ब) | चलनविषयक धोरण |
| | | | क) | राजकीय अस्थिरता | ਭ) | वरील सर्व |
| | | iii) | विशि | ष्ट ट्रेडिंगच्या दिवशी ज्या किंमत म | र्यादेच्या | खाली स्टॉक ट्रेडिंग करू शकत नाही |
| | | त्यास | म्हणतात. | | | |
| | | | अ) | अप्पर सर्किट | ब) | लोअर सर्किट |
| | | | क) | अप्पर आणि लोअर सर्किट्स | ਤ) | वरीलपैकी काहीही नाही |
| | | iv) | • • • • • | बँकेत्तर वित्तीय संस्थांचे निय | रमन आ | णि पर्यवेक्षण करते. |
| | | | अ) | अर्थ मंत्रालय | ब) | सेबी |
| | | | क) | भारतीय रिझर्व्ह बँक | ਤ) | संबंधित राज्य सरकार |
| | | v) | भारती | ाय आयुर्विमा महामंडळ (LIC) चं | ग्रे मुख्य | कार्यालय येथे आहे. |
| | | | अ) | नवी दिल्ली | ब) | चेन्नई |
| | | | क) | पुणे | ਤ) | मुंबई |
| | | vi) | सेबी न | ची स्थापना प्रामुख्याने | | |
| | | | अ) | गुंतवणूकदारांचे फसवेगीरी पासू | | |
| | | | ब) | म्युच्युअल फंडाच्या कामकाजाव | | |
| | | | क) | रोखे बाजारातील घडामोडींचे नि | यामक म | हणून काम करणे |
| | | | ਭ) | वरील सर्व | | |

| | ब) | जोङ | ग्रा जुळवा. | | | [5] |
|-----------|------|----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---|------|
| | | i) | सेन्सेक्स | अ) | 50 कंपन्या | |
| | | ii) | निफ्टी | ৰ) | आदित्य बिर्ला फायनान्स लि. | |
| | | iii) | एन.बी.एफ.सी. | क) | बॉम्बे स्टॉक एक्सचेंज | |
| | | iv) | आय.आर.डी.ए. | ਵ) | पुरवठ्यापेक्षा शेअर्सची मागणी जास | त |
| | | v) | अप्पर सर्किट | इ) | भारतातील विमा उद्योगांचे नियमन उ परवाना देणे | आणि |
| प्रश्न 2) | टिपा | लिहा. | (कोणत्याही दोन) | | | [10] |
| | अ) | मर्चंट | : बँकिंग | | | |
| | ब) | ट्रेड सं | नेटलमेंट | | | |
| | क) | भाडेप | ग्ट्टा वित्तपुरवठा | | | |
| | ਭ) | सेबीन | वी कार्ये | | | |
| | | u 8 | | | | |
| प्रश्न 3) | अ) | | स्टॉक एक्सचेंज वर विस्तृत | टीप लिहा. | | [8] |
| | ब) | स्टॉक | त्र ट्रेडिंगचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. | | | [7] |
| प्रश्न 4) | अ) | विमा | क्षेत्रातील नोकरी व व्यवसा | याच्या संधी स्प | ष्ट करा. | [8] |
| | ब) | भारत | ोय विमा नियामक आणि वि | कास प्राधिकर | ण (IRDA) ची कार्ये स्पष्ट करा. | [7] |
| | | | | | | |

 $\nabla\,\nabla\,\nabla\,\nabla$

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No.: |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| P-5922 | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |
| F./.1 | 101 (00 |

[6142]-608 T.Y. B.Com.

365- C: BUSINESS LAW & PRACTICE - II (CBCS) (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

| Time : 21/ | | |
|------------|------|--|
| | | the candidates: |
| 1) | | questions are compulsory. |
| 2) | Figi | ures to the right indicate full marks. |
| Q1) A) | Fill | in the blank with the most appropriate alternative (Any Five):[5] |
| | 1) | The first company legislation in India was passed in |
| | | known as a Joint Stock Companies Act. |
| | | (1840, 1850, 1860) |
| | 2) | As per majority rule, a resolution passed by the majority of members |
| | | is binding on the company and consequently on the |
| | | (Minority, Creditors, Directors) |
| | 3) | On completion of investigation, the SFIO shall submit the |
| | | Investigation Report to the |
| | | (State Government, Registrar, Central Government) |
| | 4) | The concept of Company Act taken from Companies Act. |
| | , | (English, American, Russian) |
| | 5) | and Arrangements can take place between a company |
| | - / | and its creditors or members and / any class of them. |
| | | (Competition, Compromise, Condition) |
| | 6) | Corporate governance is not a law it's a |

B) Match the following:

(Mechanism, Scheme, Policy)

[5]

| | Column A | | Column B |
|----|-------------------------------|----|--|
| 1) | The Joint Stock Companies Act | a) | Unfair Prejudice Petition |
| 2) | Minority Shareholders | b) | Section 149 |
| 3) | Merger | c) | Cadbury Committee |
| 4) | Code of Best Practice | d) | 1850 |
| 5) | Independent Director | e) | Combination of two or more companies into a single company |
| | | | single company |

| Q2) | Wri | te a | short | note | (any | two) | : |
|-------------|-----|------|--------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|
| | (۵ | Coo | ial Da | C 12 C 12 C | :1:1:4: | ion of | Commons |

- a) Social Responsibilities of Company
- b) Prevention of Mismanagement
- c) Appointment of Investigator
- d) Principles of Morality
- (Q3) a) Explain the provisions related to social responsibilities of company? [8]
 - b) What are the remedies and rights of Minority shareholders? [7]

[10]

- Q4) a) What are the rights and duties of inspector? [8]
 - b) What is Corporate Governance? State the pillars of Corporate Governance. [7]



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[6142]-608

T.Y. B.Com.

365- C: BUSINESS LAW & PRACTICE - II

(CBCS) (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

वेळ : 2½ तास] [एकूण गुण : 50
सूचना : 1) सर्व प्रश्न अनिवार्य आहे.
2) उजवीकडे दिलेली संख्या पूर्ण गुण दर्शवतात.

प्रश्न 1) अ) रिकाम्या जागा भरा. (कोणतेही पाच) [5]
i) भारतातील पहिला कंपनी कायदा मध्ये संमत करण्यात आला जो संयुक्त संबंद प्रमंडळ कायदा म्हणून ओळखला जातो.
(1840, 1850, 1860)

- ii) बहुमताच्या नियमानुसार, बहुसंख्य सभासदांनी पास केलेला ठराव कंपनीवर आणि वर बंधनकारक असतो. (अल्पसंख्यांक, ऋणको, संचालक)
- iii) तपास पूर्ण झाल्यावर, SFIO ला तपास अहवाल सादर करते (राज्य सरकार, नोंदणी अधिकारी, केंद्र सरकार)
- iv) कंपनी कायद्याची संकल्पना कंपनी कायद्या पासून घेतली आहे. (इंग्रजी, अमेरिकन, रिशयन)
- v) आणि व्यवस्था हे कंपनी आणि तिचे कर्जदार किंवा सदस्य किंवा त्यांचा कोणताही वर्ग यांच्यात होऊ शकते. (स्पर्धा , तडजोड, अट)
- vi) कॉर्पोरेट गर्व्हर्ननस हा कायदा नाही, तर तो आहे. (यंत्रणा, योजना, धोरण)
- ब) योग्य जोड्या जुळवा.

[5]

| | 3 | | |
|------|-----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| | रकाना अ | | रकाना ब |
| i) | संयुक्त स्कंद प्रमंडळ कायदा | अ) | अन्यायकारक पूर्वग्रह याचिका |
| ii) | अल्पसंख्यांक भागधारक | ब) | कलम 149 |
| iii) | विलीनीकरण | क) | कॅडबरी कमिटी |
| iv) | सर्वोत्तम सराव संहिता | ड) | 1850 |
| v) | स्वतंत्र संचालक | इ) | दोन किंवा दोनपेक्षा अधिक |
| | | | कंपन्यांचे एकत्रीकरण |
| | | | |

| प्रश्न 2) | थोडक्यात टिपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही 2) | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|--|--------------|--|--|
| | अ) | कंपनीच्या सामाजिक जबाबदाऱ्या | | | |
| | ब) | गैरव्यवस्थापनास प्रतिबंध | | | |
| | क) | तपासनीसाची नेमणूक | | | |
| | ਭ) | नैतिकतेची तत्वे | | | |
| | | | | | |
| प्रश्न 3) | अ) | कंपनीच्या सामाजिक जबाबदारीबाबतच्या तरतुदी स्पष्ट करा. | [8] | | |
| | ब) | अल्पसंख्यांक भागधारकांचे उपाय आणि अधिकार कोणते आहेत? | [7] | | |
| | | | | | |
| प्रश्न 4) | अ) | तपासनिसाचे हक्क आणि कर्तव्ये कोणते आहेत? | [8] | | |
| | ਕ) | कॉर्पोरेट गर्व्हर्नन्य म्हणजे काय? कॉर्पोरेट गर्व्हर्नन्यचे आधारम्तंभ म्पष्ट करा | [7] | | |



| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No. : |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| P-5923 | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |

[6142]-609 T.Y. B.Com.

| (2019 | 1 at | tei ii | (36201) (CBCS) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper - I | 11) |
|------------------------|------|--------|--|---------|
| Time : 2½ Instructi | | _ | [Max. Marks andidates: | : 50 |
| 1) 2) | | - | ons are compulsory. o the right side indicate full marks. | |
| Q1) a) | Fill | in the | e blanks (Any five) : | [5] |
| | i) | Agr | iculture export is essential for | |
| | | a) | Economic growth | |
| | | b) | Domestic growth | |
| | | c) | Income growth | |
| | ii) | The | head quarter of NAFED is at | |
| | | a) | Mumbai | |
| | | b) | Delhi | |
| | | c) | Kolkata | |
| | iii) | API | MC's can dissolve by government. | |
| | | a) | Central | |
| | | b) | State | |
| | | c) | Local | |
| | iv) | The | Area of APMC is restricted to only. | |
| | | a) | Tehsil | |
| | | b) | District | |
| | | c) | Nation | |
| | v) | The | largest Agriculture marketing federation in India is | _• |
| | | a) | SAFED | |
| | | b) | NAFED | |
| | | c) | NABARD | |
| | vi) | Pro | motion of Agriculture Marketing is an objective of | <u></u> |
| | | a) | NAFED | |
| | | b) | Society | |
| | | c) | Government | |

| | b) | Mate | ch the following: | | | [5] |
|-------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|------|
| | | | 'A' | | 'B' | |
| | | i) | Opportunities to farmers | a) | APMC | |
| | | ii) | Export marketing | b) | Selling goods abroad | |
| | | iii) | APMC management | c) | New market for product | |
| | | iv) | APMC Model Act 2003 | d) | Board of Directors | |
| | | v) | Product Development Strategy | e) | Important provisions | |
| Q2) | Writ | e sho | ort notes (Any Two): | | | [10] |
| | a) | Perf | ormance of NAFED | | | |
| | b) | Co-c | operative services marketing | | | |
| | c) | Prob | olems of APMC. | | | |
| | d) | Impa | act on Agriculture Marketing | | | |
| <i>Q3</i>) | a) | State | e the factors influencing market | ting s | trategy of Co-operatives. | [8] |
| | b) | State | e the functions of NAFED. | | | [7] |
| Q4) | a) | State | e the importance of APMC. | | | [8] |
| | b) | State | e the basic features of APMC N | Mode | 1 Act 2003. | [7] |
| | | | ∇ | 7 | | |

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T.Y. B.Com.

365 (D): CO-OPERATION AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper - II) (36201)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

[एकूण गुण : 50 वेळ : 21/2 तास] सर्व प्रश्न सोडविणे आवश्यक आहे. सूचना : *1*) उजवीकडील अंक प्रश्नाचे पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात. 2) अ) रिकाम्या जागा भरा. (कोणत्याही पाच) प्रश्न 1) [5] कृषीमाल निर्यात साठी आवश्यक आहे. i) आर्थिक वृद्धी ब) घरगुती वृद्धी क) उत्पन्न वृद्धी नाफेड चे मुख्यालय येथे आहे. ii) मुंबई अ) ਕ) दिल्ली क) कोलकाता कृषी उत्पन्न बाजार समिती सरकार विसर्जित करू शकते. केन्द्र अ) ਕ) राज्य क) स्थानिक कृषी उत्पन्न बाजार समितीचे कार्यक्षेत्र पूरते मर्यादीत आहे. तहसिल अ) ਕ) जिल्हा राष्ट्र भारतातील सर्वात मोठे कृषी विपणन महासंघ म्हणजे v) राज्य विपणन महासंघ अ) नाफेड ਕ) क) नाबार्ड कृषी विपणनास प्रोत्साहन हे चे उद्दीष्ट आहे. अ) नाफेड ਕ) सोसायटी क) सरकार

3

| | ब) | खालील जोड्या जुळवा. | [5] |
|------------------|------|--|-------|
| | | 'अ' 'ब' | |
| | | i) शेतकऱ्यांसाठी संधी अ) कृषी उत्पन्न बाजार समिती | |
| | | ii) कृषीमाल निर्यात ब) भारताबाहेर माल पाठविणे | |
| | | iii) कृषी उत्पन्न बाजार समिती क) नवीन उत्पादन नवीन बाजार व्यवस्थापन | ţ |
| | | iv) कृषी उत्पन्न बाजार समिती ड) संचालक मंडळ अधुनिक कायदा 2003 | |
| | | v) उत्पादन विकास व्यूहरचना इ) महत्वाच्या तरतूदी | |
| प्रश्न 2) | टिपा | लिहा. (कोणत्याही दोन) | [10] |
| | अ) | नाफेडची कामगीरी | |
| | ब) | सहकारी सेवा विपणन | |
| | क) | कृषी उत्पन्न बाजार समित्यांच्या समस्या | |
| | ਭ) | कृषी विपणनावरील परिणाम | |
| प्रश्न 3) | अ) | सहकारी विपणन व्यूहरचनेवर परिणाम करणारे घटक सांगा. | [8] |
| | ब) | नाफेडची कार्ये सांगा. | [7] |
| प्रश्न 4) | अ) | कृषी उत्पन्न बाजार समित्यांचे महत्व सांगा. | [8] |
| | ब) | कृषी उत्पन्न बाजार समिती मॉडेल कायदा 2003 मधिल मुख्य तरतूदी सांगा | . [7] |
| | | ∇ | |

| Total No. of Questions: 4] | SEAT No. : |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5924 | [Total No. of Pages : 3 |

[6142]-610 T.Y. B.Com.

COSTAND WORKS ACCOUNTING - II

365 (e): Methods of Costing

| | (20 |)19 I | Pattern) (Semester - VI) (S | pecial P | aper - II) |
|------------------------------------|------------------|--------|--|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Time : 2½ Instructi 1) 2) | ons to All qu | the co | andidates: ns are compulsory. the right indicate full marks. | | [Max. Marks: 50 |
| Q1) A) | Fill a) | | e blanks (Any five out of 6) is a system is which cork orders of Production. | osts are as | $[5\times1=5]$ ssigned to batches or |
| | | i) | Job costing | ii) | Contract costing |
| | | iii) | Process costing | iv) | Marginal costing |
| | b) | Job | Costing is aimed to find out the | e cost of | a specific |
| | | i) | Job | ii) | Contract |
| | | iii) | Process | iv) | Material |
| | c) | A c | ontract is generally of | duration | |
| | | i) | Short | ii) | Long |
| | | iii) | Medium | iv) | Very Short |
| | d) | Pas | senger Kilometers = Number of | f Passenge | ers × |
| | | i) | No. of Kilometer | ii) | No. of Vehicles |
| | | iii) | Salary of Drive | iv) | Cost of Vehicle |
| | e) | ano | process costing, as the production, the cost of prenext process | | |
| | | i) | Accumulated | ii) | Sunk |
| | | iii) | Process cost | iv) | Marginal cost |
| | f) | CA | S 13 - relates to the cost of | | cost centre. |
| | | i) | Job | ii) | Service |
| | | iii) | Contract | iv) | Joint |
| | | | | | |

[5] B) Match the following: **Service Costing** Product of comparatively a) i) small value Summary of cost incurred b) Normal Loss ii) on the job Cost plus contract Absorbed by the unit c) iii) completed d) Job order cost sheet Contract costing iv)

c) By product

v) Cost of providing

e) By product

v) Cost of providing service

Q2) Short Notes (Any two out of three)

[10]

- a) Escalation clause
- b) Normal and abnormal loss
- c) Application of service costing
- Q3) Bharat Constructions, Baroda undertook a Contract No 45 for Rs. 4,00,000 on 1April, 2022 They incurred the following expenses during the year 2022-23.

| Materials Issued from Stores | 36,600 |
|---|----------|
| Materials Transferred from Contract No. 54 | 3,400 |
| Materials Directly Purchased for the Contract | 10,000 |
| Materials in Hand on Site | 2,500 |
| Plant Issued for Contract | 20,000 |
| Wages Paid directly | 70,000 |
| Architects Fees | 3,000 |
| Wages Due but not paid | 1,000 |
| Direct Expenses Outstanding | 600 |
| Cash Received from Contractee | 1,44,000 |
| Work Certified | 1,80,000 |
| Cost of Work Uncertified | 1,500 |

Of the Plant and Materials charged to contract, Plant costing Rs.4,000 and Materials costing Rs. 3,000 were lost. on 31 March 2023 Plant costing 3,000 was returned to stores Charge Depreciation on Plant @ 15% p.a. as per Written Down value Method: Prepare Contract Account for the year ended 31 March, 2023.

Q4) The Bharat Chemicals Ltd. Baroda produced three types of chemicals during the month August, 2022 by three consecutive processes. In each process 2% of the total weight put in is lost and 10% is scrap. In Process I and Process II the scrap realises Rs. 100 a tonne and from Process III Rs. 20 at tone. [15]

| Particulars | Process'I' | Process 'II' | Process 'III' | | | |
|--|------------|--------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Materials Used Tonnes | 1,000 | 140 | 1,348 | | | |
| Raw Materials Consumed | 1,20,000 | 28,000 | 2,83,620 | | | |
| Manufacturing Wages | 20,500 | 18,520 | 15,000 | | | |
| General Overheads | 10,300 | 7,240 | 3,100 | | | |
| The product of three processes are dealt with as follows | | | | | | |
| Passed to Next Process % | 75 | 50 | | | | |
| Sent to Warehouse for Sale % | 25 | 50 | 100 | | | |

Prepare Process Cost Account showing cost per tonne of each process.

OR

From the following data relating to two passengers vehicles viz.Deepa and Swara, of Saibaba Transport Co, Nashik you are required to calculate the cost per running km.

| Particulars | Deepa | Swara | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|-------|
| Cost of Vehicle | 1,00,000 | 60,000 | |
| Annual Road License | | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| Insurance p.a. | | 2,800 | 1,600 |
| Yearly Garage Rent | | 2,400 | 2,000 |
| Supervision and Salaries for twelve r | 5,200 | 2,325 | |
| Driver's Wages per running hour | 6 | 6 | |
| Cost of Petrol per litre | 3.50 | 3.50 | |
| Repairs and Maintenance per km. | 3.30 | 3.30 | |
| Cost of tyre and Tubes per km. | 3.59 | 4.10 | |
| Estimate Life | 1,60,000 | 1,20,000 | |
| km. per Litre of Petrol | km | 10 | 12 |
| Annual kms run | km | 24,000 | 9,000 |

Charge interest 10% pa on cost of vehicles and vehicle runs 40 km per hour on an average.

| Total No. of (| Questions : 4] | SEAT No. : |
|-------------------|--|---|
| P5925 | | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |
| | [6142]-61 T.Y. B.Co STATISTI | 11 m. |
| | 365 f : Business St | atistics - II |
| | (2019 Pattern) (Ser | mester - VI) |
| 1) All | urs] o the candidates: questions are compulsory. ures to the right side indicate full mo | [Max. Marks : 50 |
| <i>Q1</i>) A) At | tempt the following: | [5×1] |
| Ch a) | noose the correct alternative of the If X follows standard normal i) $P(X > 2)$ iii) $1 - P(X > -2)$ | |
| b) | The hypothesis stating that avin journal is less than 10% is i) left sided hypothesis ii) right sided hypothesis iii) two-sided hypothesis iv) null hypothesis | rerage proportion of defective entries |
| c) | Let $X \rightarrow N$ (300,25) then star i) 300 iii) 25 | ndard deviation is ii) 12 iv) 5 |
| d) | To test independence of two a | ttributes with one attribute at 3 levels s, under null hypothesis distribution is |
| e) | Testing H0 : P = 0.5 against H i) left tailed iii) two sided | 1 : P ≠ 0.5 the critical region is ii) right tailed iv) neither (i) or (ii) |
| f) | Simple random sampling is us i) Homogeneous iii) Discrete | |
| g) | , | res measures the variability of the |

i)

iii)

Error

Treatment

P.T.O.

ii)

Total iv) Block

- B) State whether the following statements are True or False. $[5\times1]$
 - a) Probability of committing type II error is called as level of significance.
 - b) Selecting a college representative when college is multidisciplinary is systematic sampling.
 - c) For certain normal distribution mean is 45 and mode is 58.
 - d) Long form of ANOVA Analysis of variance.
 - e) Large sample tests are also called as exact test.
- Q2) Write short notes (any two)

[5 each]

- a) Stratified sampling
- b) Normal distribution
- c) Analysis of Variance (ANOVA)
- d) Chi-square test
- Q3) A) a) Let X be normally distributed random variable with parameters mean = 40 and variance = 1 that is $X \sim N$ (40, 1). [4]

Calculate:

- i) $P(X \ge 42)$
- ii) $P(39 \le X \le 41)$
- b) From a locality 200 persons were randomly selected and the information regarding educational achievements was collected. The Result is as follows. [4]

| | Litterate | Illiterate | | |
|-------|-----------|------------|--|--|
| Men | 20 | 80 | | |
| Women | 30 | 70 | | |

Examine whether gender and education are associated.

(Given: $\chi 21,0.05 = 3.841$)

B) a) Fill in the blanks of the following ANOVA tables marked "-" [4]

| Source of | Degrees of | Sum of | Mean Sum | Variance |
|-----------|------------|---------|------------|----------|
| variation | freedom | squares | of squares | Ratio |
| Between | 2 | 41.74 | | |
| shifts | | | | |
| Between | 4 | | | |
| workers | | | | |
| Error | | 106.79 | | |
| Total | 14 | 496.96 | | |

Test the homogeneity of machine shits and workers. Use 5% level of significance

b) On the basis of the following data can we say that there is significant difference in average reading rate of boys and girls: (use 5% level of significance) [3]

| | Sample size | Average reading rate | Variance | |
|-------|-------------|----------------------|----------|--|
| Girls | 100 | 206 | 450 | |
| Boys | 100 | 191 | 450 | |

Q4) A) a) The PI (pulsality index) of 10 patients before and after certain event are given below: [4]

| Before | 0.45 | 0.54 | 0.48 | 0.62 | 0.48 | 0.60 | 0.45 | 0.46 | 0.35 | 0.40 |
|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| After | 0.60 | 0.65 | 0.63 | 0.78 | 0.63 | 0.80 | 0.69 | 0.62 | 0.68 | 0.50 |

Test whether PI differ significantly? Use 5% level of significance.

[Given t9,0.05 = 2.262]

- b) In a certain area A, in a sample of 1000 persons 556 persons were found to be vegetarian. Where as in a certain area B, in a sample of 800 persons 330 persons were found to be vegetarian. Do these facts reveal a significant difference between the two areas with respect to food habits? (Use 5% level of significance) [4]
- B) a) In a population of size 5 the values are 12, 23, 56, 18, 17. Draw all possible sample of size 2 using SRSWOR. Verify that sample mean is an unbiased estimator of population mean. [4]
 - b) Define Normal probability distribution, also state additive property of two independent normal variates. [3]

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | | SEAT No.: |
|-----------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| P5926 | [6142]-612 | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |

[0142]-012 T.Y. B. Com. 365 (g): BUSINESS ENTREPRENEURSHIP - II

| | (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper) | | | | |
|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Instructio 1) | | | | | |
| <i>Q1</i>) A) | Fill | in the blanks (Attempt any five out of six) [5] | | | |
| | i) | Approaches in business enterprise give to entrepreneur an unfair advantage in enterprise. | | | |
| | | a) Logical | | | |
| | | b) Creative | | | |
| | | c) Flexible | | | |
| | ii) | Plan lays down strategies for marketing a product/service which can lead to success of business. | | | |
| | | a) Production | | | |
| | | b) Human Resource | | | |
| | | c) Marketing | | | |
| | iii) | and organization are two concepts that play an active role in any firm. | | | |
| | | a) Communication | | | |
| | | b) Management | | | |
| | | c) Control | | | |
| | iv) | Revival schemes of industrial sickness the Government of India has setup a statutory body named | | | |
| | | a) BIFR | | | |
| | | b) FEMA | | | |
| | | c) MRTP | | | |

| | | v) | Business Continuity management is proactive while Management is reactive. | | | | | |
|-------------|------|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------|--|------------|--|
| | | | a) | Cash crisis | | | | |
| | | | b) | Crisis | | | | |
| | | | c) | Leadership | | | | |
| | | vi) | | opr was founded in the year | | | | |
| | | | a) | 2011 | | | | |
| | | | b) | 2012 | | | | |
| | | | c) | 2013 | | | | |
| | B) | Mate | ch th | e following. | | [5 | [] | |
| | | a) | Urb | oan Ladder | i) | 2012 | | |
| | | b) | Sha | rechat | ii) | 2006 | | |
| | | c) | Inte | ernal Causes | iii) | Evaluate strength, weakness of competitors | • | |
| | | d) | MS | ME Act | iv) | Under the control of Management | | |
| | | e) | Cor | mparative Analysis | v) | 2015 | | |
| <i>Q2</i>) | Writ | e Sho | ort N | Totes (Attempt Any Two) | | [10 |)] | |
| | a) | Financial Aspects in business plan. | | | | | | |
| | b) | Start-up phase management. | | | | | | |
| | c) | Revival scheme of sickness. | | | | | | |
| | d) | Adv | Advantages of start-ups in India. | | | | | |
| Q3) | a) | Writ | te the | e guidelines for preparing bu | sines | ss plan. [8 | ;] | |
| | b) | Expl | lain t | he challenges in implementat | ion c | of Enterprise Risk Managemen [7 | | |
| Q4) | a) | Exp | lain | the types of business crises. | | [8] | ;] | |
| | b) | Exp | lain | the Do's and Don'ts for star | tup. | [7 |] | |
| | | | | | | | | |



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[6142]-612 T.Y.B. Com.

365 (g): BUSINESS ENTREPRENEURSHIP - II (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

| वेळ : 2½ त | ास] | [एकूण गुण $:50$ |
|-------------------|------------|--|
| सूचना :- | 1) | सर्व प्रश्नांची उत्तरे लिहिणे आवश्यक आहेत. |
| | <i>2</i>) | उजवीकडील अंक प्रश्नांचे पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात. |
| | 3) | संदर्भासाठी इंग्रजी प्रश्नपत्रिका पहावी. |
| | | |
| प्र. 1) अ) | रिका | म्या जागा भरा. (कोणत्याही पाच) [5] |
| | i) | व्यवसाय उद्योगातील दृष्टीकोन उद्योजकांना एंटरप्राइझमध्ये एक अन्यायकारक फायदा देतात. |
| | | अ) तार्किक |
| | | ब) क्रिएटिव्ह |
| | | क) लवचिक |
| | ii) | योजना उत्पादन/ सेवेच्या विपणनासाठी धोरणे मांडते ज्यामुळे व्यवसाय यशस्वी होऊ शकतो. |
| | | अ) उत्पादन |
| | | ब) मानव संसाधन |
| | | क) विपणन |
| | iii) | आणि संघटना या दोन संकल्पना आहेत ज्या कोणत्याही फर्ममध्ये सिक्रय भूमिका बजावतात. |
| | | अ) संवाद |
| | | ब) व्यवस्थापन |
| | | क) नियंत्रण |
| | iv) | औद्योगिक आजाराच्या पुनरुज्जीवन योजनांसाठी भारत सरकारने नावाची वैधानिक संस्था स्थापन केली आहे. |
| | | अ) BIFR |
| | | ब) FEMA |
| | | क) MRTP |

| | | v) | व्यवसाय सातत्य व्यवस्थापन सक्रिय असते तर व्यवस्थापन प्रतिक्रियाशील | | | |
|----------------|----------|------------------------------|--|---|----------|-------------------------------|
| | | | असते. | | | |
| | | | अ) | रोख संकट | | |
| | | | ब) | संकट | | |
| | | | क) | नेतृत्व | | |
| | | vi) | Topp | pr ची स्थापना वर्षात झाली | • | |
| | | | अ) | 2011 | | |
| | | | ब) | 2012 | | |
| | | | क) | 2013 | | |
| | ब) | जोड्य | ा लावा | · | | [5] |
| | | i) | | ल्याडर (Urban Ladder) | अ) | 2012 |
| | | ii) | शेअर | | ब) | 2006 |
| | | iii) | अंतर्ग | त कारणे | क) | प्रतिस्पर्ध्यांची ताकद, |
| | | | | | | कमकुवतपणाचे मूल्यांकन करा |
| | | iv) | एमएस | ाएमई कायदा | ड) | व्यवस्थापनाच्या नियंत्रणाखाली |
| | | v) | तुलना | त्मक विश्लेषण | इ) | 2015 |
| प्र. 2) | टिपा ी | लिहा. | (कोणत | याही दोन) | | [10] |
| | अ) | व्यवसाय योजनेतील आर्थिक बाबी | | | | |
| | ब) | स्टार्ट-अप फेज व्यवस्थापन | | | | |
| | क) | आजारपणाची पुनरुजीवन योजना | | | | |
| | ड) | भारता | ातील स | टार्ट-अप्सचे फायदे | | |
| प्र. 3) | अ) | व्यवस | गय यो | जना तयार करण्यासाठी मार्गदर्शक तत्त्वे लि | हा. | [8] |
| | ਰ) ਬ) | | | क मॅनेजमेंटच्या अंमलबजावणीतील आव | - | |
| | •, | , -, -, -, | 7 | | | |
| प्र. 4) | अ) | व्यवस | गयातील | न संकटांचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. | | [8] |
| | ब) | स्टार्टः | अपसार्ठ | ो काय करावे आणि काय करू नये हे स्पा | ष्ट करा. | [7] |
| | • | | | ` | | |



| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEA |
|-----------------------------|-----|
|-----------------------------|-----|

| SEAT No.: | | |
|-----------|----------------|-----|
| [Total | No. of Pages : | : 4 |

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[6142]-613 T.Y.B. Com.

365 (H): MARKETING MANAGEMENT - II

| (CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|---|--|
| 1) | ons to All qu | [Max. Marks : 50 the candidates: sestions are compulsory. ses to the right indicate full marks. | |
| <i>Q1</i>) A) | Fill | in the blank with the most appropriate alternative. (Any five) [5] | |
| | i) | Transport function of marketing creates utility. | |
| | | (Place, Time, Possession) | |
| | ii) | Marketing is a process which aims at | |
| | | (Production, Profit Making, The satisfaction of customer needs) | |
| | iii) | A place for buying and selling activities is called | |
| | | (Market, Marketing, Market research) | |
| | iv) | The one significant reason for the Trade to become global is | |
| | | (Communication opportunities, Technology, Improved transportation) | |
| | v) | Extension of marketing activities across the globe is called as | |
| | | (Global Business, Universal Marketing, Global Marketing) | |
| | vi) | IT security in any firm or organization is maintained and handled by | |
| | | (CEO of the organization, Security Auditor, IT Security Engineer) | |

| | B) | Match the following. Column A Column B | | | 5] | |
|-------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|-------|--|------------|
| | | | | | Column B | |
| | | i) | Indian Patent Act | a) | Protecting the Technology from any kind of threats | |
| | | ii) | Consumer Protection Act | b) | 2005 | |
| | | iii) | Defects of Agricultural | c) | 1986 | |
| | | | Marketing | | | |
| | | iv) | Global Marketing | d) | Lack of Storage Facility | |
| | | v) | Cyber Security | e) | Worldwide | |
| | | | | | | |
| Q 2) | Writ | e a S | hort Notes. (any two) | | [10 |)] |
| | a) | Cyber Security Marketing Advantages. | | | | |
| | b) | Importance of Global Marketing. | | | | |
| | c) | Competition Act 2002. | | | | |
| | d) | Agri-products. | | | | |
| Q 3) | a) | Exp | lain the various functions in Agric | ultu | ral Marketing System. [8 | 3] |
| | b) | Exp | lain the nature of Trade Mark Act | , 199 | 99. [7 | ′] |
| <i>Q4</i>) | a) | Expl | lain the factors affecting Global N | (ark | eting. [8 | ₹1 |
| Z */ | b) | • | Ç | | | |
| | b) Explain the need and importance of Cyber Security Marketing. | | | | i becurity marketing. | 1 |

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[6142]-613 T.Y. B. Com.

365 (H): MARKETING MANAGEMENT - II (CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

| वेळ : 2½ तास] [एकूण : | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| सूचना :- | 1) | सर्व प्रश्न अनिवार्य आहेत. | | · · · | | |
| | 2) | उजवीकडे दिलेली संख्या पूर्ण गुण दर्शवतात. | | | | |
| प्र. 1) अ) | योग्य | पर्याय निवडून रिक्त जागा भरा. (कोणत्याही 5) | | [5] | | |
| | i) | विपणनाचे परिवहन कार्य उपयुक्तता निर्माण करते. | | | | |
| | | (स्थान, वेळ, ताबा) | | | | |
| | ii) | विपणन ही एक प्रक्रिया आहे ज्याचा उद्देश | ••••• | आहे. | | |
| | | (उत्पादन, नफा मिळवणे, ग्राहकांच्या गरजा पूर्ण करणे) | | | | |
| | iii) | खरेदी आणि विक्री क्रियाकलापांच्या ठिकाणास | ₹ | म्हणतात. | | |
| | | (बाजार, विपणन, बाजार संशोधन) | | | | |
| | iv) व्यापार जागतिक होण्याचे एक महत्त्वाचे कारण म्हणजे होय. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | v) | म्हणतात. | | | | |
| | | (जागतिक व्यवसाय, युनिव्हर्सल मार्केटिंग, जा | nर्केटिंग, जागतिक विपणन) | | | |
| | vi) | कोणत्याही फर्म किंवा संस्थेमधील आयटी सु हाताळली जाते. | रक्षा | द्वारे राखली जाते आणि | | |
| | | (संस्थेचे सीईओ, सुरक्षा लेखापरीक्षक, आयटी | अभियंता) | | | |
| ब) | योग्य | जोड्या जुळवा. | | [5] | | |
| | | रकाना अ | | रकाना ब | | |
| | i) | भारतीय पेटंट कायदा | अ) | कोणत्याही प्रकारच्या धोक्यांपासून | | |
| | | | | तंत्रज्ञानाचे संरक्षण करणे | | |
| | ii) | ग्राहक संरक्षण कायदा | ब) | 2005 | | |
| | iii) | कृषी विपणनातील दोष | क) | 1986 | | |
| | iv) | जागतिक विपणन | ड) | साठवण सुविधेचा अभाव | | |
| | v) | सायबर सुरक्षा | इ) | जगभर | | |

| प्र. 2) थे | प्र. $2)$ थोडक्यात टिपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही दोन) [10] | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|-----|--|--|--|--|
| 34 | भ) सायबर सुरक्षा विपणनाचे फायदे | | | | | |
| ब | a) जागतिक विपणनाचे महत्व | | | | | |
| व | n) स्पर्धात्मक कायदा 2002 | | | | | |
| ड | s) कृषी–उत्पादने | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| प्र. 3) अ | अ) कृषी विपणन व्यवस्थेतील विविध कार्ये स्पष्ट करा. | [8] | | | | |
| ॿ | ा) व्यापार चिन्ह अधिनियम 1999 चे स्वरूप स्पष्ट करा. | [7] | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| प्र. 4) अ | अ) जागतिक विपणनावार परिणाम करणारे घटक स्पष्ट करा. | [8] | | | | |
| ॿ | ा) सायबर सुरक्षा विपणनाची गरज आणि महत्त्व स्पष्ट करा. | [7] | | | | |

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No.: |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| P5928 | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |
| | T.Y. B. Com. |
| 365 (i): AGRICULTURA | ALAND INDUSTRIAL ECONOMICS - II |
| (CBCS 20) | 19 Pattern) (Semester - VI) |
| Time . 21/4 Houng! | [Max Marks . 5] |

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

| Q1) a) | Fill | in the blanks (Attempt any 5 out of 6) [5] |
|----------------|------|---|
| | i) | The make in India initiative was launched in |
| | | (2014, 2012, 2017, 2020) |
| | ii) | Mainly factors affecting industrial relations. |
| | | (Economic, political, social, cultural) |
| | iii) | The national manufacturing policy was launched in |
| | | (2014, 2011, 2015, 2019) |
| | iv) | The major problem of agricultural labour is |
| | | (Less wages, high illiteracy rate, high capital, high standard of living) |
| | v) | The Industrial relation dispute act was passed in |
| | | (1950, 1947, 1965, 1993) |
| | vi) | refers to all types of relationship between all parties concerned with industry |
| | | (General relations, political relations, human relations, Industrial relations) |

| | B) | Match the following. [5 | | | | | | |
|---|------|---|-----------------------------------|-------|----------------------------|------|--|--|
| | | i) | Industrial dispute act | a) | New Industrial unit | | | |
| | | ii) | Start up India | b) | Less wages | | | |
| | | iii) | Maharashtra industrial policy | c) | 1947 | | | |
| | | iv) | Problem of agricultural labour | d) | 2019 | | | |
| | | v) | Make in India | e) | 2014 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Q 2) | Writ | e a sl | nort notes (any 2 out of 4) | | | [10] | | |
| | a) | Problems of agricultural labour. | | | | | | |
| | b) | Indu | strial relations. | | | | | |
| | c) | Туре | es of agricultural labour. | | | | | |
| | d) | Wate | er management Initiatives. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Q3) | a) | Exp | lain the impact of covid -19 pand | emic | on Indian agriculture. | [8] | | |
| | b) | Describe the causes of increasing agricultural labour in India. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Q4) | a) | Desc | cribe the socio-economic charact | arist | ies of agriculture labour. | [8] | | |
| b) Explain the meaning and scope of Industrial relations. | | | | | | [7] | | |

Total No. of Questions : 4]

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[6142]-614 T.Y. B. Com.

365 (i) : AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL ECONOMICS -II (CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

| वेळ : 2½ त | ∫ एकूण गु | ग <i>: 50</i> | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|---|----------|-------------------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| सूचना :- | 1) 2) | सर्व प्रश्न सोडविणे आवश्यक आहेत. उजवीकडील अंक पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात. | | - 100 | | | | | | | | |
| प्र. 1) अ) | रिका | रिकाम्या जागा भरा. (कोणत्याही पाच) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | i) |) मेक इन इंडिया उपक्रम मध्ये सुरू करण्यात आला. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ii) प्रामुख्याने घटक औद्योगिक संबंधावर परिणाम करतात. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (आर्थिक, राजकीय, सामाजिक, सांस्कृतिक) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | iii) | राष्ट्रीय विनिर्माण धोरण मध्ये | जाहिर | करण्यात आले. | | | | | | | | |
| | | (2014, 2011, 2015, 2019) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | iv) | शेतमजूरांचा मुख्य प्रश्न हा आहे. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (कमी वेतन, उच्च निरक्षरता दर, उच्च भांडवल, | , उच्च र | ाहणीमानाचा दर्जा) | | | | | | | | |
| | v) | औद्योगिक संबंध संघर्ष कायदा मध्ये संमत करण्यात आला. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (1950, 1947, 1965, 1993) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | vi) | उदयोगांशी संबंधित विविध पक्षांमधील संबंध यास असे म्हणतात. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (सामान्य संबंध, राजकीय संबंध, मानवी संबंध, औद्योगिक संबंध) | | | | | | | | | | |
| ন্ত্ৰ) | योग्य | जोड्या लावा. | | | [5] | | | | | | | |
| | i) | औद्योगिक संघर्ष कायदा | अ) | नवीन औद्योगिक घटक | | | | | | | | |
| | ii) | स्टार्ट - अप इंडिया | ब) | कमी वेतन | | | | | | | | |
| | iii) | महाराष्ट्र औद्योगिक धोरण | क) | 1947 | | | | | | | | |
| | iv) | शेतमजुरांच्या समस्या | ड) | 2019 | | | | | | | | |
| | ĺ | मेक इन इंडिया | इ) | 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| | ., | 1 . 1 | ۲, | | | | | | | | | |

| प्र. 2) | टिपा | लिहा. (कोणत्याही दोन) | [10] |
|----------------|------|--|------|
| | अ) | शेतमजुरांच्या समस्या | |
| | ब) | औद्योगिक संबंध | |
| | क) | शेतमजूरांचे प्रकार | |
| | ਭ) | जल व्यवस्थापन उपक्रम | |
| | | | |
| प्र. 3) | अ) | भारतीय कृषी क्षेत्रावरील कोरोना -19 महामारीचे परिणाम स्पष्ट करा. | [8] |
| | ब) | भारतातील शेतमजुरांची वाढती संख्या याची कारणे स्पष्ट करा. | [7] |
| | | | |
| प्र. 4) | अ) | शेतमजुरांचे सामाजिक – आर्थिक वैशिष्ट्ये विशद करा. | [8] |
| | ब) | औद्योगिक संबंधांचा अर्थ व व्याप्ती स्पष्ट करा. | [7] |
| | | | |

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No.: | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--|
| | | |

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[Total No. of Pages: 2

365 (J): DEFENCE BUDGETING, FINANCE & MANAGEMENT -II

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper - II)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- **Q1**) Attempt any five of the following.

 $[5 \times 2 = 10]$

- a) Define 'Atmanirbhar'.
- b) Define armed forces.
- c) What is logistic management?
- d) What is Defence Space?
- e) Define logistics.
- f) Define non military organization.
- Q2) Attempt any four of the following.

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Logistic management.
- b) Special Weapon Development.
- c) Ministry of defence.
- d) Military organization.
- e) Missile technology.
- Q3) Attempt any four of the following.

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) State the principles of non military organization.
- b) State the principles of military organization.
- c) Explain the Objective of 'Atmanirbhar Bharat'.
- d) Explain decision making process of Indian armed forces.
- e) Explain Nature and scope of Defence management.
- Q4) Attempt any two of the following.

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Explain in detail problems of defence production in India.
- b) Explain in detail Increasing Role of the Private Sector in Securing the Supply Chain and Providing Technology for Self-reliance.
- c) Explain in detail the scope of logistics management in Indian armed forces.

Total No. of Questions: 4]

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[6142]-615 T.Y. B.Com.

365 (J): DEFENCE BUDGETING, FINANCE & MANAGEMENT-II

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper - II) (मराठी रूपांतर)

वेळ : 2½ तास]

[एकूण गुण : *70*

सूचना :- 1) सर्व प्रश्न अनिवार्य आहेत.

2) उजवीकडील अंक गुण दर्शवितात.

प्र.1) खालीलपैकी कोणतेही पाच प्रश्न सोडवा.

 $[5 \times 2 = 10]$

- अ) 'आत्मनिर्भर' ची व्याख्या करा.
- ब) सेनादले व्याख्या करा.
- क) पुरवठा व्यवस्थापन म्हणजे काय?
- ड) डिफेन्स स्पेस म्हणजे काय?
- इ) पुरवठा व्याख्या करा.
- फ) बिगर लष्करी संघटना व्याख्या करा.

प्र.2) टिपा लिहा. (कोणतेही चार)

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- अ) पुरवठा व्यवस्थापन
- ब) विशेष शस्त्र विकास
- क) संरक्षण मंत्रालय
- ड) संरक्षण संघटना
- इ) क्षेपणास्त्र तंत्रज्ञान

प्र.3) खालीलपैकी कोणतेही चार प्रश्न सोडवा.

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- अ) बिगर लष्करी संघटनेची मुलतत्वे सांगा.
- ब) लष्करी संघटनेची मुलतत्वे सांगा.
- क) 'आत्मनिर्भर भारत' ची उद्दिष्ट स्पष्ट करा.
- ड) भारतीय सेनादलातील निर्णय प्रक्रिया स्पष्ट करा.
- इ) संरक्षण व्यवस्थापनाचे स्वरूप आणि व्याप्ती स्पष्ट करा.

प्र.4) खालीलपैकी कोणतेही दोन प्रश्न सोडवा.

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- अ) संरक्षण उत्पादनातील समस्या सविस्तर स्पष्ट करा.
- ब) पुरवठा साखळी सुरक्षित करण्यात आणि स्वावलंबनासाठी तंत्रज्ञान उपलब्ध करून देण्यात खाजगी क्षेत्राची वाढती भूमिका तपशीलवार स्पष्ट करा.
- क) भारतीय सेनादलातील पुरवठा व्यवस्थापनाची व्याप्ती सविस्तर स्पष्ट करा.

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No.: | |
|-----------------------------|------------|----------------|
| P5930 | [Total | No. of Pages : |

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365 (K): INSURANCE TRANSPORT AND TOURISM - II

| (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|-----|--|--|
| | ns to t All que | he ca estion | [Max. Marks ndidates: as are compulsory. he right indicate full marks. | :50 | | |
| <i>Q1</i>) A) | Fill | in the | e blanks (Attempt any 5) | [5] | | |
| | i) | Tra | vel propensity is a measure of | | | |
| | | a) | The percentage of a population engaging in tourism | | | |
| | | b) | The ratio of day trip to over night visits | | | |
| | | c) Frequency of travel of a population | | | | |
| | ii) | Handling agents is | | | | |
| | | a) Domastic tour operators | | | | |
| | | b) | Incoming tour operators | | | |
| | | c) | Specialist tour operators | | | |
| | iii) | IAT | 'A stands for | | | |
| | | a) | International Aviation Travel Association | | | |
| | | b) | International Air Transporation Association | | | |
| | | c) | International aviation and Tourism Association | | | |
| | iv) | The | primary purpose of TAAI is | | | |
| | | a) | To regulate the travel industry in India along organized line | es | | |
| | | b) | To regulate the travel industry in world | | | |
| | | c) | To control the travel industry in India along organised line | ès | | |
| | v) | TA | AI stands for | | | |
| | | a) | Travel Agent Association of India | | | |
| | | b) | Tourist Agent Association of India | | | |
| | | c) | Transport Agent Association of India | | | |

| | | vi) | Vali | dator plate is issu | ied to | | | |
|--------------|------|-------|--------|---------------------|-----------------|----|------------------|------|
| | | | a) | Airlines | | | | |
| | | | b) | BSP | | | | |
| | | | c) | Travel Agents | | | | |
| | B) | Mato | ch the | e following. | | | | [5] |
| | | i) | UN | WTO | a) | | 1947 | |
| | | ii) | TAA | AI | b) | | 1966 | |
| | | iii) | IAT | O | c) | | 1945 | |
| | | iv) | ITD | C | d) | | 1951 | |
| | | v) | ICA | O. | e) | | 1982 | |
| | | | | | f) | | 1975 | |
| () () | Whit | a Cha | ant NI | otos (Amy 2) | | | | [10] |
| <u>(</u> 2) | | | | otes (Any 2) | 2 C 2 C 2 T | | | [10] |
| | a) | | | Demand and Tran | isport. | | | |
| | b) | | _ | erator. | | | | |
| | c) | | | accommodation. | | | | |
| | d) | Func | ctions | s at TAAI. | | | | |
| <i>Q3</i>) | a) | State | e the | factors influencin | ng Tourist Tran | ns | sport selection. | [8] |
| ~ | b) | | | types of Tour ope | | | • | [7] |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Q4) | a) | Desc | cribe | the role of Accor | nodation sector | Ol | r in Tourism. | [8] |
| | b) | State | e the | functions of IATA | A . | | | [7] |
| | | | | | | | | |

Total No. of Questions : 4]

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365 (K): INSURANCE TRANSPORT AND TOURISM - II

(Tourism)

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

| वेळ : 2½ तास] | | | [एकूण गुण : 50 | |
|-------------------|------|--|-----------------|--|
| सूचना :- | 1) | सर्व प्रश्न सोडविणे आवश्यक आहेत. | 3. C | |
| | 2) | उजवीकडील अंक पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात. | | |
| प्र. 1) अ) | रिका | म्या जागा भरा. (कोणत्याही 5) | [5] | |
| | i) | प्रवासी प्रवृत्ती हे एक चे मोजमाप आहे. | | |
| | | अ) पर्यटनामध्ये गुंतलेल्या लोकसंख्येची टक्केवारी | | |
| | | ब) रात्रीच्या भेटीसाठी दिवसाच्या सहलीचे गुणोत्तर | | |
| | | क) लोकसंखेच्या प्रवासाची वारंवारता | | |
| | ii) | हाताळणी करणोर एजंट हे आहेत. | | |
| | | अ) घरगुती टूर ऑपरेटर | | |
| | | ब) येणारे टूर ऑपरेटर | | |
| | | क) विशेषज्ञ टूर ऑपरेटर | | |
| | iii) | आय. ए. टी. ए. (IATA) चे विस्तारीत रूप आहे. | | |
| | | अ) आंतरराष्ट्रीय विमान प्रवास संघटना | | |
| | | ब) आंतरराष्टीय हवाई वाहतूक संघटना | | |
| | | क) आंतराष्ट्रीय विमानचालन आणि पर्यटन संघटना | | |
| | iv) | टी.ए.ए.आय. (TAAI) चा प्राथमिक हेतु आहे. | | |
| | ŕ | अ) संघटित मार्गाने भारतातील प्रवासी उद्योगाचे नियमन करणे | | |
| | | ब) जगातील प्रवासी उद्योगाचे नियमन करणे | | |
| | | क) संघटीत मार्गाने भारतातील प्रवासी उद्योगावर नियंत्रण ठेवणे | | |
| | v) | टी.ए.ए.आय. (TAAI) चे विस्तारीत रूप आहे. | | |
| | | अ) टॅ्व्हल एजंट असोसिएशन ऑफ इंडिया | | |
| | | ब) टूरीस्ट एजंट असोशिएशन ऑफ इंडिया | | |
| | | क) ट्रान्सपोर्ट एजंट असोसिएशन ऑफ इंडिया | | |

| i) UNWTO अ) 1947 ii) TAAI a) 1966 iii) IATO क) 1945 iv) ITDC s) 1951 v) ICAO ş) 1982 v) 1975 \$\mathbf{y}.2\) टिपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही 2) अ) पर्यटन मागणी आणि वाहतुक a) दूर ऑपरेटर क) पर्यटक निवास s) TAAI ची कार्ये \$\mathbf{y}.3\) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. a) दूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [7] \$\mathbf{y}.4\) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. | | | vi) | ''व्हॅलिडेटर प्लेट'' यांना जारी केली जाते. | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---------|--------|--|----------------|---------------|--------------|-----|------|--|------|
| क) प्रवासी मध्यस्त ब) जोड्या जुळवा. i) UNWTO ii) TAAI ii) TAAI iii) IATO iii) IATO iv) ITDC v) ICAO s) 1951 v) ICAO s) 1982 v) 1975 \$\mathfrak{\sqrt{3}}\text{24}\text{16}\text{47}\text{16}\text{17}\ | | | | अ) | प) विमान सेवा | | | | | | |
| ब) जोड्या जुळवा. i) UNWTO ii) TAAI ii) TAAI ii) IATO iii) IATO iv) ITDC v) ICAO v) ICAO s) 1982 v) 1975 \$\mathbf{y}\$.2) टिपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही 2) y) पर्यटन मागणी आणि वाहतुक a) टूर ऑपरेटर क) पर्यटक निवास s) TAAI ची कार्ये \$\mathbf{y}\$.3) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. a) टूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. \$\mathbf{y}\$.4) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. [8] | | | | ब) | बी.एस.पी | | | | | | |
| i) UNWTO अ) 1947 ii) TAAI a) 1966 iii) IATO क) 1945 iv) ITDC s) 1951 v) ICAO ş) 1982 v) 1975 \$\mathbf{y}.2\) टिपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही 2) अ) पर्यटन मागणी आणि वाहतुक a) दूर ऑपरेटर क) पर्यटक निवास s) TAAI ची कार्ये \$\mathbf{y}.3\) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. a) दूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [7] \$\mathbf{y}.4\) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. | | | | क) | प्रवासी मध्य | यस्त | | | | | |
| i) UNWTO अ) 1947 ii) TAAI a) 1966 iii) IATO क) 1945 iv) ITDC s) 1951 v) ICAO ş) 1982 v) 1975 \$\mathbf{y}.2\) टिपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही 2) अ) पर्यटन मागणी आणि वाहतुक a) दूर ऑपरेटर क) पर्यटक निवास s) TAAI ची कार्ये \$\mathbf{y}.3\) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. a) दूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [7] \$\mathbf{y}.4\) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ii) TAAI ब) 1966 iii) IATO क) 1945 iv) ITDC ड) 1951 v) ICAO इ) 1982 फ) 1975 \$\mathbf{y.2}\) टिपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही 2) [10 3) पर्यटन मागणी आणि वाहतुक ब) दूर ऑपरेटर क) पर्यटक निवास ड) TAAI ची कार्ये \$\mathbf{y.3}\) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. ब) दूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [7] \$\mathbf{y.4}\) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. | | ब) | जोड्य | ग जुळव | त्रा. | | | | | | [5] |
| iii) IATO क) 1945 iv) ITDC | | | i) | UN | WTO | | | अ) | 1947 | | |
| iv) ITDC v) ICAO s) 1982 फ) 1975 \$\mathbf{y.2}\) टिपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही 2) पर्यटन मागणी आणि वाहतुक ब) दूर ऑपरेटर क) पर्यटक निवास ड) TAAI ची कार्ये \$\mathbf{y.3}\) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. ब) दूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [8] \$\mathbf{y.4}\) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. | | | ii) | TAA | AI | | | ब) | 1966 | | |
| प्र.2) टिपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही 2) [10 अ) पर्यटन मागणी आणि वाहतुक ब) टूर ऑपरेटर क) पर्यटक निवास ड) TAAI ची कार्ये प्र.3) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. [8 ब) टूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [7 | | | iii) | IAT | O | | | क) | 1945 | | |
| प्र.2) टिपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही 2) [10 अ) पर्यटन मागणी आणि वाहतुक ब) दूर ऑपरेटर क) पर्यटक निवास ड) TAAI ची कार्ये प्र.3) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. [8 ब) दूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [7 | | | iv) | ITD | $^{\circ}$ C | | | ਭ) | 1951 | | |
| प्र.2) टिपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही 2) [10 अ) पर्यटन मागणी आणि वाहतुक व) टूर ऑपरेटर क) पर्यटक निवास उ) TAAI ची कार्ये प्र.3) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. [8 व) टूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [7 प्र.4) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. [8 | | | v) | ICA | O | | | इ) | 1982 | | |
| अ) पर्यटन मागणी आणि वाहतुक ब) टूर ऑपरेटर क) पर्यटक निवास ड) TAAI ची कार्ये प्र. 3) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. ब) टूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [8 प्र. 4) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. | | | | | | | | फ) | 1975 | | |
| अ) पर्यटन मागणी आणि वाहतुक ब) टूर ऑपरेटर क) पर्यटक निवास ड) TAAI ची कार्ये प्र. 3) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. ब) टूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [8 प्र. 4) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ब) टूर ऑपरेटर क) पर्यटक निवास ड) TAAI ची कार्ये प्र.3) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. ब) टूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. प्र.4) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. [8 | प्र. 2) | टिपा वि | लिहा. | (कोण | त्याही 2) | | | | | | [10] |
| क) पर्यटक निवास ड) TAAI ची कार्ये प्र.3) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. ब) टूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [7 प्र.4) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. | | अ) | पर्यटन | न मागण | ी आणि वाह | तुक | | | | | |
| उ. | | ब) | टूर अ | ॉपरेटर | | | | | | | |
| प्र.3) अ) पर्यटक वाहतुक निवडीवर परिणाम करणाटे घटक सांगा. [8 ब) टूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [7 प्र.4) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. [8 | | क) | पर्यटव | क्र निवा | स | | | | | | |
| ब) टूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [7 प्र.4) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. [8 | | ਭ) | TAA | ∖I ची | कार्ये | | | | | | |
| ब) टूर ऑपरेटरचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा. [7 प्र.4) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. [8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| प्र. 4) अ) पर्यटनातील निवास क्षेत्राच्या भूमिकेचे वर्णन करा. [8 | प्र. 3) | अ) | पर्यटब | क्र वाहर् | नुक निवडीव | र परिणाम कर | णाटे घटक सां | गा. | | | [8] |
| | | ਕ) | टूर अ | ॉपरेटरच | वे प्रकार स्प | ष्ट करा. | | | | | [7] |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ब) IATA ची कार्ये सांगा. [7 | प्र. 4) | अ) | पर्यटन | गतील ' | निवास क्षेत्रा | व्या भूमिकेचे | वर्णन करा. | | | | [8] |
| , | | ਕ) | IAT | A ची व | कार्ये सांगा. | | | | | | [7] |
| | | •, | | - " | | | | | | | [,] |

4

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No.: |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5931 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

[6142]-617 T.Y. B.Com.

COMPUTER PROGRAMMING AND APPLICATION

365 L: Computer Networking and E-Commerce - II

| (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper - II) | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|--------|---|---------|-----------------------------|--|
| | ons to All qu | the co | andidates: ns are compulsory. the right side indicate full marks. | | [Max. Marks: 50 | |
| <i>Q1</i>) A) | Fill | in the | e Blanks. | | [5] | |
| | a) | | stomers are going digital with th | ieir pa | yments, increasing the need | |
| | | i) | fraud | ii) | unsecurity | |
| | | iii) | security | iv) | prediction | |
| | b) | _ | protect your computer from phicats use genuine sof | _ | | |
| | | i) | virus | ii) | malicious | |
| | | iii) | anti-virus | iv) | trojan | |
| | c) | | ng process confieved. | ident | ially, information can be | |
| | | i) | cryptography | ii) | virus | |
| | | iii) | security | iv) | steganography | |
| | d) | fast | helps to simplify businer and efficient. | ness p | processes and makes them | |
| | | i) | E-commerce | ii) | Files | |
| | | iii) | Folders | iv) | Virus | |
| | e) | | he systems use seperate protoc tems | cols _ | is used to link two | |
| | | i) | Repeater | ii) | Bridge | |
| | | iii) | Hub | iv) | Gateway device | |
| | | | | | PTA | |

| | B) | Mato | [5] | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|--|--|--------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | a) | E - currency | i) | E - signature | | | | |
| | | b) | Switch | ii) | Digital cash | | | | |
| | | c) | Network Topology | iii) | Connecting to internet | | | | |
| | | d) | Modern | iv) | Bus | | | | |
| | | e) | Digital Signature | v) | Connect systems on | | | | |
| | | | | | network | | | | |
| Q2) | Shor | t note | es (any 2 out of 4) | | [10] | | | | |
| | a) | Info | | | | | | | |
| | b) | Components of wireless networks | | | | | | | |
| | c) | E - Marketing | | | | | | | |
| | d) | Search Engines | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Q3</i>) | a) | Expl | ain various security issues in wirless | com | munication. [8] | | | | |
| | b) | What is mobile commerce? Explain applications of mobile commerce.[7] | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Q4) | a) | Expl | ain in detail firewalls and network se | curity | y in detail. [8] | | | | |
| | b) | Expl | ain E-marketing techniques in detail. | | [7] | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

6 6

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No. : |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5932 | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |

[6142]-618 T.Y.B.Com.

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION - III

366 (a): Production and Operation Management - III (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper - III)

| | (2) | ,1,1 | determ) (Semester | (i) (Special Laper | 111) |
|---|---------|---------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| <i>Time</i> : 2 ¹ / ₂ | /2 Hour | ·s] | | | [Max. Marks: 50 |
| Instructi | | | ndidates: | | |
| 1) | _ | | s are compulsory. | | |
| 2) | Figur | es to t | he right side indicate full n | narks. | |
| Q1) A) | Mu | ltiple | choice questions. (answe | er any 5) | [5] |
| | i) | | is an activity by which | ch goods and services | are produced. |
| | | a) | Production | | |
| | | b) | Purchase | | |
| | | c) | Marketing | | |
| | ii) | Mos | st important element for | production process i | s |
| | | a) | Finance | | |
| | | b) | Raw material | | |
| | | c) | Machinery | | |
| | iii) | Whi | ich of the following mod | els is used to calculate | the timing of the |
| | | inve | entory order? | | |
| | | a) | Economic order quanti | ty model | |
| | | b) | Fixed order quantity m | odel | |
| | | c) | Reorder point model | | |
| | | d) | Fixed order inventory in | nodel | |
| | iv) | | is a term used in logi | stic and warehousing. | |
| | | a) | ABC Analysis | | |
| | | b) | Cros Docking | | |
| | | c) | Value chain process | | |
| | | d) | Process | | |
| | v) | | _ | ment tools and technic | ques designed to |
| | | imp | rove production process | S. | |
| | | a) | Six sigma | | |
| | | b) | Quality management | | |
| | | c) | ABC Analysis | | |

| | | vi) | | is the backbone of | production | on p | planning and control. | | |
|-------------|------|----------------------------|--------|----------------------------|------------|-------|------------------------|------------|--|
| | | | a) | Material Requisition pla | anning | | | | |
| | | | b) | Economic order quanti | ity | | | | |
| | | | c) | Value Chain Analysis | | | | | |
| | | vii) | AB | C Analysis is used in | · | | | | |
| | | | a) | CPM | | | | | |
| | | | b) | PERT | | | | | |
| | | | c) | Inventory Control | | | | | |
| | B) | Mato | ch th | e following. (any 5) | | | [| 5] | |
| | | | G | roup A | | | Group B | | |
| | | i) | Pro | duction planning | ; | a) | Economic order quantit | У | |
| | | ii) | EO | Q | 1 | b) | Manufacturing process | | |
| | | iii) | Plar | nt Layout | (| 2) | Controlling Cost | | |
| | | iv) | Inve | entory Management | (| d) | Maximize projit | | |
| | | v) | Sup | ply chain management | (| e) | Quality control | | |
| | | vi) | Qua | lity management | 1 | f) | Delivery of Goods | | |
| | | vii) | TQ] | M | 8 | g) | Total Quality Manageme | nt | |
| <i>Q2</i>) | Writ | e sho | rt no | etes. (any two) | | | [1 | 0] | |
| | a) | Obje | ective | es of Production Contro | 1 | | | | |
| | b) | Advantages of Plant Layout | | | | | | | |
| | c) | Ecor | nomi | c order Quantity | | | | | |
| | d) | Mod | les o | f Transport | | | | | |
| 02) | o) | Evel | ن منما | n datail functions of muc | duction N | 1on | acamant [| 01 | |
| <i>Q3</i>) | , | - | | n detail functions of prod | | | | 8] | |
| | b) | Expl | lain t | he various techniques us | sed in pla | ınt I | Layout. [| 7] | |
| Q4) | a) | Disc | uss t | he use of computers in i | nventory | Ma | anagement. | 8] | |
| - / | b) | | | he various stages of sup | • | | _ | 7] | |
| | | | | | | | | | |



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BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION - III

366 (a): Production and Operation Management - III (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper - III)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

| वेळ : 21/2 र | तास] | | | | [एकूण गुण : 50 | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| सूचना :- | <i>1</i>) | सर्व ! | प्रश्न सोडविणे आवश्यक आहे. | | | | | | | | |
| | <i>2</i>) | उजर्व | ोकडील अंक प्रश्नांचे पूर्ण गुण दर्शविता | ात. | | | | | | | |
| | <i>3</i>) | संदभ | र्ासाठी मुळ इंग्रजी प्रश्नपत्रीका पहावी. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| प्र. 1) अ) | बहुप | बहुपर्यायी प्रश्न. (कोणतेही पाच) | | | | | | | | | |
| | i) | •••• | एक क्रिया आहे ज्याद्वारे वस्तू व सेवांचे उत्पादन केले जाते. | | | | | | | | |
| | | अ) | उत्पादन | | | | | | | | |
| | | ब) | खरेदी | | | | | | | | |
| | | क) | विपणन | | | | | | | | |
| | ii) | उत्पा | दन निर्मितीसाठी लागणारा महत्वाचा घट | क म्हणजे | ो होय. | | | | | | |
| | | अ) | वित्त | | | | | | | | |
| | | ब) | कच्चा माल | | | | | | | | |
| | | क) | यंत्रसामग्री | | | | | | | | |
| | iii) | माल | मालसाठा मागणी वेळेची गणना करण्यासाठी खालीलपैकी कोणते मॉडेल वापरले जाते? | | | | | | | | |
| | | अ) | इकॉनॉमिक ऑर्डर क्वांटिटी मॉडेल | ब) | फिक्स ऑर्डर क्वांटिटी मॉडेल | | | | | | |
| | | क) | रिऑर्डर पॉइंट मॉडेल | ਭ) | फिक्स ऑर्डर इन्वेंटरी मॉडेल | | | | | | |
| | iv) | •••• | ही संज्ञा लॉजिस्टिक्स व ग | गोदामासाट | ठी वापरली जाते. | | | | | | |
| | | अ) | एबीसी विश्लेषण | ब) | क्रॉस डॉकिंग | | | | | | |
| | | क) | व्हॅल्यू चेन प्रक्रिया | ਭ) | प्रक्रिया | | | | | | |
| | v) | •••• | हे उत्पादन प्रक्रिया सुधारण्य | यासाठी अ | ासलेल्या साधनांचा व धोरणांचा एक | | | | | | |
| | | संच | आहे. | | | | | | | | |
| | | अ) | सिक्स सिग्मा | | | | | | | | |
| | | ब) | गुणवत्ता व्यवस्थापन | | | | | | | | |
| | | क) | (अ) (ब) (क) वर्गिकरण | | | | | | | | |

| | | vi) | हा उत्पादन नियोजन आणि नियत्रणाचा कणा आहे. | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|---------|---|--------------------------------|------------------|---------|-------------------------|------|--|
| | | | अ) | सामग्री गरज नियोजन | | | | | |
| | | | ब) | मागणीचे आर्थिक गणित | ī | | | | |
| | | | क) | मुल्य साखळी वितरण | | | | | |
| | | vii) | अ ब | क विश्लेषण | साठी वापरत | ने जाते | t. | | |
| | | | अ) | सी.पी.एम. | | | | | |
| | | | ब) | पी.ई.आर.टी. | | | | | |
| | | | क) | साठा नियंत्रण | | | | | |
| | ब) | जोडय | ग्रा लाव | ा. (कोणत्याही पाच) | | | | [5] | |
| | , | | गट ' | | | | गट 'ब' | | |
| | | i) | उत्पात | इन नियोजन | | अ) | इकोनॉमिक ऑर्डर कॉन्टिटी | | |
| | | ii) | इ.ओ | .क्यु (EOQ) | | ब) | उत्पादन प्रक्रिया | | |
| | | iii) | यंत्रकु | जल | | क) | खर्च नियंत्रण | | |
| | | iv) | मालर | साठ/ व्यवस्थापन | | ड) | जास्तीचा नफा | | |
| | | v) | वितर | ण साखळी व्यवस्थापन | | इ) | गुणवत्ता नियंत्रण | | |
| | | vi) | गुणव | त्ता व्यवस्थापन | | फ) | वस्तूंचे वितरण | | |
| | | vii) | टी.क् | यु. एम. (TQM) | | य) | टोटल क्वालीटी मॅनेजमेंट | | |
| प्र. 2) | टिपा ' | लिहा. | (कोण | त्याही दोन) | | | | [10] | |
| ŕ | अ) | उत्पात | इन नियं | त्रणाची उद्दिष्टे | | | | | |
| | ब) | यंत्रकु | लाचे प | कायदे | | | | | |
| | क) | _ | | ार्थिक गणित | | | | | |
| | ड) | वाहतृ | कीचे म | गध्यम | | | | | |
| प्र. 3) | अ) | उत्पाद | इन ट्यट | त्रस्थापनाची कार्ये स्पष्ट कर | π. | | | [8] | |
| , | - | | | विविध तंत्रे स्पष्ट करा. | ••• | | | [7] | |
| - ^ | > | | | | | | | רחז | |
| प्र. 4) | अ) | मालर | नाठा व्य | यवस्थापनेत संगणकीय उप | ायाग सावस्तर स्प | ष्ट करा | • | [8] | |
| | ब) | वितर | ण साख | ब्रळीचे टप्पे सविस्तर स्पष्ट र | करा. | | | [7] | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | | SEAT No. : | _ |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|---|
| P5933 | FC1 421 C10 | [Total No. of Pages : | 4 |

[6142]-619 T.Y.B.Com.

BANKING AND FINANCE - III

366 (B): Banking Law and Practices in India - II

| | | | (CBCS 2019Patte | ern) (Sen | mester - VI) |
|------------------|--|--------|-------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| Instructio 1) | ns to All qu | the co | ns are compulsory. | ull marks. | [Max. Marks : 50 |
| <i>Q1</i>) A) | Fill | in the | e Blanks (Attempt any | five) | [5] |
| | i) | "Di | igital signature" is de | fined unde | er of IT Act, 2000? |
| | | a) | Section 1 | b) | Section 2 |
| | | c) | Section 8 | d) | Section 6 |
| | ii) | In v | which year India's IT | Act came | into existence? |
| | | a) | 2000 | b) | 2001 |
| | | c) | 2002 | d) | 2003 |
| | iii) | | • | ınder secti | on 85 of Negotiable Instrument |
| | | a) | Collecting banker | b) | Paying banker |
| | | c) | Issuing banker | d) | Both (a) and (b) |
| | iv) | Per | son availing banking | services is | s called |
| | | a) | Banker | b) | Broker |
| | | c) | Customer | d) | Trustee |
| | v) | | | between b | anker and customer is a |
| | | a) | Mutual | b) | Contractual |
| | | c) | Personal | d) | None of the above |
| | ctions to the candidates: All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right side indicate full marks. A) Fill in the Blanks (Attempt any five) i) "Digital signature" is defined under of IT Act, 2000? a) Section 1 | | | | |
| | | a) | Mortgage | b) | Pledge |
| | | c) | Hypothecation | d) | Lien |

| | B) | Match the following. | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|------------------------|--|--------|----------------------------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | | i) | Malware | a) | E - mail | | | | | |
| | | ii) | Spamming | b) | Gold Loan | | | | | |
| | | iii) | Phishing | c) | Vehicle Loan | | | | | |
| | | iv) | Pledge | d) | Stealing Data | | | | | |
| | | v) | Hypothecation | e) | Virus | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q 2) | Writ | e Sho | rt Notes (any 2) | | [1 | 0] | | | | |
| | a) | Spamming. | | | | | | | | |
| | b) | Collecting banker. | | | | | | | | |
| | c) | Garnishee order. | | | | | | | | |
| | d) | Loan recovery problem. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Q3</i>) | a) | Expla | ain in duties and rights of paying b | anks. |] | 8] | | | | |
| | b) | Expla | Explain the impact of Cybercrime on banking. [7] | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q4) | a) | Expla | ain the banker and customer relation | onship | as a debtor and creditor.[| [8] | | | | |
| | b) | Expla | ain the types of loan schemes in ba | anks |] | 7] | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

6 6

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[6142]-619 T.Y.B.Com.

BANKING AND FINANCE - III

366 (B): Banking Law and Practices in India - II (CBCS 2019Pattern) (Semester - VI)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

| वळ : 2½ र | तास/ | | | | | / एकूण गुण : <i>50</i> | | |
|-------------------|----------------|---|---|--------------|------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| सूचना :- | 1) 2) 3) | उजर्व | प्रश्न आवश्यक आहेत. ोकडील अंक प्रश्नाचे पूर्ण गुण र्गिसाठी इंग्रजी प्रश्नपत्रिका पहार्व | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| प्र. 1) अ) | रिका | म्या जा | गा भरा. (कोणत्याही पाच) | | | [5] | | |
| | i) | आय आहे. | | मध्ये | ''डि | जिटल स्वाक्षरी" ची व्याख्या केली | | |
| | | अ) | कलम 1 | ब |) | कलम 2 | | |
| | | क) | कलम 8 | ड |) | कलम 6 | | |
| | ii) | भारत | भारतामध्ये IT कायदा कोणत्या वर्षी अस्तित्वात आला? | | | | | |
| | | अ) | 2000 | ब |) | 2001 | | |
| | | क) | 2002 | ड |) | 2003 | | |
| | iii) | चलनक्षम दस्तऐवज कायदा 1881 च्या कलम 85 अंतर्गत संरक्षण मिळते. | | | | | | |
| | | अ) | वसुली बँकेला | ब |) | प्रदायी बँकेला | | |
| | | क) | जारी करणारी बँकेला | ड |) | (अ) आणि (ब) दोन्हींना | | |
| | iv) | बँकि | ग सेवा घेणाऱ्या व्यक्तीला | I | हणत | गत. | | |
| | | अ) | बँक | ब |) | दलाल | | |
| | | क) | ग्राहक | ड |) | विश्वस्त | | |
| | v) | बँक | आणि ग्राहक यांच्यातील प्रार्था | मेक संबंध | •••• | संबंध आहे. | | |
| | | अ) | परस्पर | ਕ |) | कं त्राटी | | |
| | | क) | वैयक्तिक | ड |) | वरीलपैकी काहीही नाही | | |

| | | vi) | स्थावर मालमत्तेवर लागू केलेल्या कर्जभारला म्हणतात. | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|----------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|-------------------|------|
| | | | अ) | गहाण | | ब) | ताबेगहाण | |
| | | | क) | नजरगहान | | ਭ) | धारणाधिकार | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | ब) | जोड्य | ा जुळव | π. | | | | [5] |
| | | i) | मालवे | अर | | अ) | ई - मेल | |
| | | ii) | स्पॅमिंग | т | | ब) | गोल्ड लोन | |
| | | iii) | फिशिं | ग | | क) | वाहन कर्ज | |
| | | iv) | ताबेग | हाण | | ਤ) | डेटा चोरणे | |
| | | v) | नजरग | हान | | इ) | व्हायरस | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| प्र. 2) |) टिपा | लिहा. | (कोणत | याही 2) | | | | [10] |
| | अ) | स्पॅमिंग | π | | | | | |
| | ब) | वसुर्ल | ो बँक | | | | | |
| | क) | गार्निश | ा ऑर्डर | | | | | |
| | ਵ) | कर्ज व | त्रसुलीच | ग्री समस्या | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| प्र. 3) |) अ) | प्रदायी | । बँकांच | ्र ब्री कर्तव्ये आणि अधिकार ग | स्पष्ट करा. | | | [8] |
| | ब) | सायब | र गन्ह्यां | चा बँक व्यवसायावर होणा | रा परिणाम स्पा | ष्ट करा. | | [7] |
| | , | | 3 ' | | | | | |
| T. 4 |) अ) | ऋणाव्य | ने आणि |)। धनको यादृष्टीने बँक आणि |)। ग्राहक यां च ्य | गतीलः | मंबंध स्पष्ट करा. | [8] |
| - | | | | · | | | VICE VIOLENIA | |
| | ब) | बॅकांम | ाधील व | कर्ज योजनांचे प्रकार स्पष्ट व | करा . | | | [7] |
| | | | | | | | | |

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| Total No. of Questions : 3] | SEAT No. : |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| P5934 | [Total No. of Pages : |

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366 (C): BUSINESS LAW & PRACTICES - III (CBCS 2019Pattern) (Semester - VI)

| | | (CDCS 20171 attern) (Semester - VI) |
|-------------------------|------------|--|
| Time : 2 ¹ / | | |
| Instructi 1) | | the candidates: sestions are compulsory. |
| 2) | Figur | es to the right side indicate full marks. |
| Q1) A) | Fill i) | in the blank with the most appropriate alternative. (Any 5) After declaration of dividend it should be paid within |
| | | (14 days, 21 days, 30 days) |
| | ii) | As per Companies Act 2013, Every company to prepare and keep the books of account and other relevant books and papers and financial statement in its |
| | | (Registered office, Branch office, Zonal office) |
| | iii) | The books of accounts of every company shall be maintained in order for |
| | | (3 years, 5 years, 8 years) |
| | iv) | First auditor is to be appointed by |
| | | (Government, Shareholders, Board of Directors) |
| | v) | Minimum number of directors in the case of a public company is directors. |
| | | (2, 3, 5) |
| | vi) | DIN stands for in company. (Director Index Number, Director Identification Number, Director Identity Number) |
| | | |

| | B) | Match the following. | | | | | |
|-------------|------|---|---------------------------------------|----------|---|--|--|
| | | | Column A | Column B | | | |
| | | i) | Dividend declared but not paid | a) | Comptroller & Auditor General of India | | |
| | | ii) | Internal Auditor | b) | Final Dividend | | |
| | | iii) | Auditor of Government | c) | One Director | | |
| | | | Company | | | | |
| | | iv) | Dividend declared at the Annual | d) | Unpaid Dividend | | |
| | | | General Meeting | | | | |
| | | v) | One Person Company | e) | Chartered/Cost Accountants | | |
| Q 2) | Writ | e a sl | hort notes (any 2) | | [10] | | |
| | a) | Types of Dividend. | | | | | |
| | b) | Тур | es of accounts to be maintained by | Comp | oany. | | |
| | c) | Qualification of Auditor. | | | | | |
| | d) | Manner of selection of independent directors. | | | | | |
| Q 3) | a) | Define Dividend. Explain the provisions related to declaration & paymen of dividend. [8] | | | | | |
| | b) | What is meant by Internal Audit as per Section 138 of Companies A 2013? | | | | | |
| Q4) | a) | Exp | lain the powers and duties of Audi | tor. | [8] | | |
| | b) | Exp | lain the disqualifications of Directo | or. | [7] | | |
| | | | • • • | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

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366 (C): BUSINESS LAW & PRACTICES - III (CBCS 2019Pattern) (Semester - VI)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

| वेळ $: 2^{1\!\!/_{\!\!2}}$ तास $]$ [एकूण | | | | |
|---|----------|---|--|--|
| सूचना :- | 1) 2) | सर्व प्रश्न अनिवार्य आहेत. उजवीकडे दिलेली संख्या पूर्ण गुण दर्शवतात. | | |
| = 1) a=) | | | | |
| प्र. 1) अ) | रिका | म्या जागा भरा. (कोणत्याही 5) [5] | | |
| | i) | लाभांश घोषित केल्पयानंतर दिवसात लाभांश दिला पाहिजे. | | |
| | | (14 दिवस, 21 दिवस, 30 दिवस) | | |
| | ii) | कंपनी कायदा 2013 नुसार, प्रत्येक कंपनीने त्याच्या मध्ये खात्याची पुस्तके आणि इतर संबंधित पुस्तके आणि कागदपत्रे आणि आर्थिक विवरण तयार करणे आणि ठेवणे | | |
| | | (नोंदणीकृत कार्यालय, शाखा कार्यालय, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय) | | |
| | iii) | प्रत्येक कंपनीच्या हिशेबाची पुस्तके वर्षांसाठी व्यवस्थित ठेवली जातात. | | |
| | | (3 वर्षे, 5 वर्षे, 8 वर्षे) | | |
| | iv) | प्रथम लेखापरीक्षक द्वारे नियुक्त केले जातील. | | |
| | | (सरकार, भागधारक, संचालक मंडळ) | | |
| | v) | सार्वजनिक कंपनीच्या बाबतीत किमान संचालकांची संख्या असते. | | |
| | | (2, 3, 5) | | |
| | vi) | कंपनीमध्ये डीआयएन म्हणजे | | |
| | | (डायरेक्ट इंडेक्स नंबर, डायरेक्टर आयडेंटिफिकेशन नंबर, डायरेक्टर आयडेंटिटी नंबर) | | |

| | ब) | योग्य जोड्या जुळवा. [5] | | | | |
|----------------|------|-----------------------------------|--|----------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | | रकाना अ | | रकाना ब | |
| | | i) | घोषित केलेला परंतु वसूल न | अ) | भारताचे नियंत्रक आणि महालेखापरीक्षक | |
| | | | झालेला लाभांश | | | |
| | | ii) | अंतर्गत अंकेक्षण | ब) | अंतिम लाभांश | |
| | | iii) | सरकारी कंपनीचे अंकेक्षक | क) | एक संचालक | |
| | | iv) | वार्षिक सर्वसाधारण सभेत घोषित | ਵ) | अदा न केलेला लाभांश | |
| | | | केलेला लाभांश | | | |
| | | v) | एक व्यक्ती कंपनी | इ) | चार्टर्ड अकाऊन्टट/कॉस्ट अकाऊन्टट | |
| | | | | | | |
| प्र. 2) | थोडक | यात टि | ट्रेपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही 2) | | [10] | |
| | अ) | लाभां | शाचे प्रकार | | | |
| | ब) | कंपनी | द्वारे देखभाल करावयाच्या खात्यांचे प्रका | τ | | |
| | क) | लेखा | परीक्षकाची पात्रता | | | |
| | ड) | स्वतंत्र | । संचालकांच्या निवडीची पद्धत स्पष्ट करा. | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| T .3) | अ) | लाभां | श व्याख्या द्या. लाभांश घोषित आणि भर | ज्या <u>जी</u> | संबंधित तरतुदी स्पष्ट करा. [8] | |
| 4. 5) | | | | | • | |
| | ब) | कपन | ो कायदा, 2013 च्या कलम 138 नुसार | ઝતગત | ऑडिट म्हणजे काय? [7] | |
| _ ^ | _` | ` | | | -0- | |
| प्र. 4) | अ) | लेखा | परीक्षकाचे अधिकार आणि कर्तव्ये स्पष्ट व | त्रा. | [8] | |
| | ब) | संचालकाची अपात्रता स्पष्ट करा. [7 | | | | |

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| Total No. of Questions: 4] | | SEAT No. : |
|----------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| P5935 | | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |
| | [6142]-621 | [|
| | T.Y.B.Com. | |

366 (D): CO-OPERATION AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT-III (CBCS 2019Pattern) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper - III)

| (| CBC | S 20 | 19Pattern) (Semester | - VI) (Special Pap | er - III) |
|----------------|------------------|--------|--|--------------------|------------------|
| | ons to All qu | the ca | ndidates: es are compulsory. he right indicate full marks. | | [Max. Marks : 50 |
| <i>Q1</i>) A) | Fill i) | | blanks (Any five) ancial management is the | basic function of | [5] manager |
| | | a) | Purchase | | |
| | | b) | Sales | | |
| | | c) | Finance | | |
| | ii) | | is the duty of finance | manager | |
| | | a) | Financial Planning | | |
| | | b) | Cost Planning | | |
| | | c) | Other | | |
| | iii) | | is the forecast of final | ncial planning. | |
| | | a) | Budget | | |
| | | b) | Cash book | | |
| | | c) | Balance sheet | | |
| | iv) | Stat | utory Audit is to | o society. | |
| | | a) | Compulsory | | |
| | | b) | Voluntary | | |
| | | c) | Optional | | |

| | | v) | Auditor is given Report to society. | | | | | |
|-------------|------|-------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|---------|----------------------|------|
| | | | a) Audit | | | | | |
| | | | b) Examination | | | | | |
| | | | c) Financial | | | | | |
| | | vi) | Aud | lit Report is submitted | d by | | to members. | |
| | | | a) | Manager | • | | | |
| | | | b) | Auditor | | | | |
| | | | c) | Promoter | | | | |
| | B) | Mato | ch the | e following. | | | | [5] |
| | | | 6 | A' | | | 'В' | |
| | | a) | Fina | ancial management | | i) | Source of finance | |
| | | b) | Cor | ntribution of members | | ii) | Report by Auditor | |
| | | c) | Uti | lisation of funds | | iii) | Financial control | |
| | | d) | Dut | ty of Auditor | | iv) | Cooperative Society | |
| | | e) | Au | dit Report | | v) | Sign on Audit Report | |
| Q2) | Writ | e Sho | ort N | otes (any two) | | | ı | [10] |
| | a) | Estir | natio | on of financial Requirer | ment. | | | |
| | b) | Need | d for | financial control. | | | | |
| | c) | Duti | es of | co-operative Auditor. | | | | |
| | d) | Natu | ire of | co-operative Audit. | | | | |
| Q3) | a) | Expl | ain tl | he nature of financial n | nanagen | nent. | | [8] |
| | b) | State | the | budget and Accounting | ng of co- | opera | tives. | [7] |
| <i>Q4</i>) | a) | State | e the | policy of operating ex | penditu | re in c | o-operatives | [8] |
| ر- ک | | | | | - | | I | |
| | b) | State | the | significance of co-ope | rative A | udit. | | [7] |
| | | | | | | | | |



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366 (D): CO-OPERATION AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT-III (CBCS 2019Pattern) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper - III)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

| वेळ : 2½ त | तास] | | [एकूण गुण : 50 |
|-------------------|----------|---|-----------------|
| सूचना :- | 1) 2) | सर्व प्रश्न सोडविणे आवश्यक आहे. उजवीकडील अंक प्रश्नांचे पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात. | |
| ग्र. 1) अ) | रिका | म्या जागा भरा. (कोणत्याही पाच) | [5] |
| | i) | वित्तीय व्यवस्थापनात हे वित्तीय व्यवस्थापनाचे मुख्य कार्य उ | भाहे. |
| | ŕ | अ) खरेदी | |
| | | ब) विक्री | |
| | | क) वित्त | |
| | ii) | ही वित्तिय व्यवस्थापकाचे कर्तव्य आहे. | |
| | | अ) वित्तिय नियोजन | |
| | | ब) खर्च नियोजन | |
| | | क) इतर कार्य | |
| | iii) | हे वित्तिय नियोजनाचे पुर्वानुमान आहे. | |
| | | अ) अंदाज पत्रक | |
| | | ब) रोख पुस्तक | |
| | | क) ताळेबंद | |
| | iv) | वैधानिक अंकेक्षण हे सोसायटी साठी आहे. | |
| | | अ) सक्तीचे | |
| | | ब) ऐच्छिक | |
| | | क) पर्यायी | |
| | v) | अंकेक्षक सोसायटीला अहवाल देतो. | |
| | , | अ) अंकेक्षण | |
| | | ब) परिक्षा | |
| | | क) वित्तिय | |

| | | V1) | अकक्षण अहवाल हा द्वारं सादर केला जातो. | | | | |
|----------------|--------|--------|--|-------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|--|
| | | | अ) | व्यवस्थापक | | | |
| | | | ब) | अंकेक्षक | | | |
| | | | क) | प्रवर्तक | | | |
| | ब) | योग्य | जोड्या | ा जुळवा. | | [5] | |
| | | | 'अ' | | | 'ब' | |
| | | i) | वित्ति | य व्यवस्थापन | अ) | वित्तिय स्त्रोत | |
| | | ii) | सभार | पदांचे योगदान | ब) | अंकेक्षकाद्वारे अहवाल | |
| | | iii) | फंडि | वे विनियोग (निधी) | क) | वित्तीय नियंत्रण | |
| | | iv) | अंके | क्षकाचे कर्तव्य | ਫ) | सहकारी सोसायटी | |
| | | v) | अंके | क्षण अहवाल | इ) | अंकक्षेण अहवालांवर सही करणे | |
| | | | | | | | |
| प्र. 2) |) टिपा | लिहा. | (कोण | त्याही दोन) | | [10] | |
| | अ) | वित्ती | य गरज | ांचा अंदाज | | | |
| | ब) | वित्ती | य नियंत्र | त्रणाची गरज | | | |
| | क) | सहक | ारी अंद | केक्षकाची कर्तव्ये | | | |
| | ड) | सहक | ारी अंवे | केक्षणाचे स्वरूप | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| प्र. 3) |) अ) | वित्ती | य व्यव | स्थापनाचे स्वरूप स्पष्ट करा. | | [8] | |
| | ब) | सहक | ारातील | । अंदाजपत्रक आणि लेखांकन सांग | π. | [7] | |
| | | | | | | | |
| प्र. 4) |) अ) | सहक | ारातील | दैनंदीन खर्चविषयक धोरण सांगा. | | [8] | |
| | ब) | सहक | ारी अंदे | केक्षणाचे महत्व स्पष्ट करा. | | [7] | |
| | | | | | | | |

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| Total No. | of Questions | : 4] |
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| SEAT No. | : | |
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[Total No. of Pages : 4

[6142]-622 T.Y.B.Com.

COST AND WORKS ACCOUNTING - III

366 (E): Techniques of Cost Accounting and Cost Audit (2019 CBCS Pattern) (Semester -VI)

| | | (201) CDCD I dttcIII) (Delitestei VI) | |
|----------------|---------------------|---|------|
| <i>1</i>) . | ns to ti All que | [Max. Marks ne candidates: stions are compulsory. sto the right indicates full marks. | :50 |
| Q1) A) | Fill | in the blanks (Attempt Any 5) | [5] |
| | a) | Standard cost is a carefully cost which is prepared each cost unit. | for |
| | | i) Predetermined | |
| | | ii) Absorbed | |
| | | iii) Apportioned | |
| | b) | Target costing = Selling price (-) | |
| | | i) Cost | |
| | | ii) Revenue | |
| | | iii) Profit margin | |
| | c) | Time is done to ascertain Labour cost. | |
| | | i) Records | |
| | | ii) Booking | |
| | | iii) Controlling | |
| | d) | standard deals with the principles and methods determining the material cost. | s of |
| | | i) CAS - 6 | |
| | | ii) CAS - 7 | |
| | | iii) CAS - 3 | |
| | e) | Cost Accounting Records, both monetary and uni | ts. |
| | | i) Physical | |
| | | ii) Cost | |
| | | iii) Both (i) and (ii) | |
| | | | |

| | | f) | XB | RL is used by | · | | |
|------|-------|----------|-------|---|----------------|-------------|---|
| | | | i) | Government | | | |
| | | | ii) | Accountants | | | |
| | | | iii) | Both (i) and (ii) | | | |
| | B) | Mate | ch th | e following. | | | [5] |
| | D) | Ivian | | up A | | | Group B |
| | | a) | | S - 7 | i | i) | Profitability Audit |
| | | b) c) | Hig | h price and high profits t Audit | ; i | ii) iii) | Employee cost Skimming Pricing |
| | | d) | Max | ximum support price (N | MSP) i | iv) | Verification and correctness of cost Records |
| | | e) | Effi | ciency Audit | | v) | Introduced by Government to support farmers |
| Q2) | Writ | te sho | rt no | tes on the following (A | any 2) | | [10] |
| | a) | Adv | antag | ges of standard costing | • | | |
| | b) | Prici | ing P | olicy. | | | |
| | c) | Idle | Time |). | | | |
| | d) | Cost | t Red | cords. | | | |
| Q3) | a) | | | e following cost data as g material variances. | vailable by Ba | jaj l | Limited, Compute the |
| | | i) | Mat | terial cost variance | | | |
| | | ii) | Mat | erial price variance | | | |
| | | iii) | Mat | erial usage variance | | | |
| | | iv) | Also | o verify your results | | | |
| [614 | 12]-6 | 22 | | 2 | | | |

The standard cost shows the following details relating to the materials needed to produce one kg of chemical

Quantity of chemical Required :- 3kg

Price of chemical :- Rs 2.50 per kg

Actual production Data :-

Production during the week :- 1000 kg

Quantity used :- 3500kg

Price of chemical per kg :- Rs 3

b) From the following details calculate,

[7]

- i) Labour cost variance
- ii) Labour Rate variance
- iii) Labour Efficiency variance
- iv) Also verify your results

The standard time for unit component X are given below

Standard Hours per unit :- 15 Hours

Standard Rate :- Rs 4 per Hour

The actual data and related information are as under:

Actual Production :- 1000 units

Actual Hours :- 15300 Hours

Actual Rate :- Rs 3.90 per Hour

Q4) a) Femina limited produces certain consumer product which has the marginal cost and selling price [8]

| structure as follows:- | Rs. |
|--------------------------|-----|
| Direct material cost | 40 |
| Productive wages | 10 |
| Variable works overheads | 04 |
| Market price | 90 |

During the current year 2021-22, total turnover are expected to be Rs.13,50,000 with a fixed Administration and selling overheads amounting to Rs. 1,40,000.

From the beginning of the next year, it is expected that

- i) Direct materials cost to increase by 7.5%
- ii) Productive wages to increase by 10%
- iii) Variable works overheads to increase by 50%
- iv) Fixed Administration and selling overheads to increase by Rs 6000/-You are required to calculate:-
- 1) The new selling price if the current p/v ratio is to be maintained and
- 2) The number of units to be sold during the next year to yield the similar profit as per the current year assuming that the selling price to remain Rs 90/- only
- b) Write the objectives of cost Audit

[7]



| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No.: |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| D 5027 | [Total No. of Pages : 3 |

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366F: BUSINESS STATISTICS - III

| | | | (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) |
|-------------|-------------|--------|--|
| Time | $e:2^{1/2}$ | 2 Hou | rs] [Max. Marks : 50 |
| Insti | ructi | ons to | the candidates: |
| | 1) | All | questions are compulsory. |
| | <i>2</i>) | Figi | ures to the right indicate full marks. |
| | 3) | Use | of calculator and statistical table is allowed. |
| Q 1) | a) | Fill | in the blanks of the followings (any five) $[5 \times 1 = 5]$ |
| | | i) | Longest possible time to complete the activity is known astime in PERT. |
| | | ii) | CPM is model. |
| | | iii) | is a method of imitating the real system with artificial data using computers. |
| | | iv) | In queuing theory. Interarrival service times follows distribution. |
| | | v) | We can maximize profit function by using computation offunction. |
| | | vi) | For cost function $C(x)$, $\frac{d}{dx}(cx) < 0$ is the condition that can be |
| | | | determined as function. |
| | b) | Stat | the whether each of the following statements are true or false (any five) $[5 \times 1 = 5]$ |
| | | i) | PERT is deterministic model. |
| | | ii) | For project, we can get only one critical path. |
| | | iii) | In simulation random sample is drawn just by specifying the average without using a statistical model. |

- iv) In queuing theory system means only the process of waiting in a queue.
- v) The calling population is always finite.
- vi) The cost function C for output X is given by $C = X^2 4X + 6$ then fixed cost is zero.

Q2) Attempt any two of the following:

 $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

- a) Explain the following terms:
 network, simulation, queue discipline, cost function, Revenue function.
- b) Explain the following terms:

Optimistic time in PERT, expected duration of project, disadvantages of simulation, traffic intensity, average cost.

- c) If $C(x) = 31x^4 + 12x^2 71x + 12$ is the manufacturer's total cost equation, then find the, average cost, fixed cost, variable cost, marginal cost.
- d) Explain the minima and maxima function with an illustration.
- Q3) a) The following table gives the activities in a project and other relevant information: [8]

| Activity | 1-2 | 1-4 | 1-3 | 2-5 | 3-5 | 3-6 | 4-6 | 5-7 | 6-7 |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Duration | 3 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 9 |

Find earliest start, earliest finish, latest start, latest finish total float, free float and independent float for each activity. Also find critical path.

- b) Workers come to a tool store room to inquire about the special tools for a particular job. Customers arrive at the store have poisson distribution with average rate of 30 customers per hour. The average service time is minute and a half per customer. [7]
 - Find i) average queue length
 - ii) average waiting time of workers in the queue.
 - iii) expected no. of workers in the system.
 - iv) probability that customer wait at least 12 minutes in the queue.
 - v) expected percentage of customers who wait at least 6 minutes in queue.

Q4) a) A project has the following activities and other characteristics:

[8]

| Activity | Time estimates | | | | | |
|----------|----------------|----|----|--|--|--|
| | to | tp | tm | | | |
| 1-2 | 6 | 24 | 6 | | | |
| 1-3 | 6 | 18 | 12 | | | |
| 1-4 | 12 | 30 | 12 | | | |
| 2-5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | | | |
| 3-5 | 12 | 48 | 30 | | | |
| 4-6 | 12 | 42 | 30 | | | |
| 5-6 | 18 | 54 | 30 | | | |

- i) Draw the project network and calculate the length and variance of the critical path.
- ii) What is the probability that project will be completed within 80 days?
- b) Following is the probability distribution of daily demand of cakes. [7]

| Demand of cake | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Probability | 0.01 | 0.20 | 0.15 | 0.50 | 0.12 | 0.02 |

Using random numbers given below estimate demand of cake for next 10 days: 25, 39, 65, 76, 12, 05, 73, 89, 19, 49. Also find average daily demand of cake.



| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No.: |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| D_5038 | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |

T.Y. B.Com.

366(g): Business Entrepreneurship - III (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper)

| Time : 2 ¹ | /2 Hou | rs] | [Max. Marks: 50 |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------|--|
| Instructi | ons to | the c | candidates : |
| 1) 2) | | _ | ions are compulsory. to the right indicate full marks. |
| <i>Q1</i>) A) | Fill | in t | he blanks (Attempt any 5 out of 6): [5] |
| | i) | A | is a group of people working to achieve the same |
| | | goa | al. |
| | | a) | Team |
| | | b) | Process |
| | | c) | Management |
| | ii) | gro | is an activity designed to motivate members of a up to get to know and respect each other. |
| | | a) | Team Building |
| | | b) | Process Building |
| | | c) | Management Building |
| | iii) | lim | management in entrepreneurship is the process of iting the negative aspects while increasing the positive aspects. |
| | | a) | Conflict |
| | | b) | Stress |
| | | c) | Harmony |
| | iv) | out | conflict is when conflict between groups inside and side an organisation disagree on various issues. |
| | | a) | Intrapersonal |
| | | b) | Intragroup |
| | | c) | Intergroup |
| | | | |

| | | V) | | is an importan | it elem | ient in a successiui work p | пасе. | | |
|-------------|------------|--------|--------|--|---------|---------------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| | | | a) | Motivation | | | | | |
| | | | b) | Deterrent | | | | | |
| | | | c) | Discouragement | | | | | |
| | | vi) | | marketing is also called online marketing. | | | | | |
| | | | a) | Digital | | | | | |
| | | | b) | Offline | | | | | |
| | | | c) | Physical | | | | | |
| | B) | Mat | tch t | he following: | | | [5] | | |
| | | i) | Tea | m building | a) | Interpersonal | | | |
| | | ii) | Con | nflict | b) | Achievement Theory | | | |
| | | iii) | Inte | rpersonal conflict | c) | E-mail marketing | | | |
| | | iv) | Mc | Clelland's theory | d) | Conflict due to differenc goals | es in | | |
| | | v) | Dig | ital Marketing | e) | Creative thinking | | | |
| Q2) | Shor | rt not | tes (a | any two out of four): | | | [10] | | |
| | a) | Тур | es of | Teams | | | | | |
| | b) | Mea | asure | s to reduce stress in the | workp | lace | | | |
| | c) | Job | rotat | ion | | | | | |
| | d) | Тур | es of | Digital Marketing | | | | | |
| <i>Q3</i>) | a) | Diff | eren | ce between work groups | s and t | eams. | [8] | | |
| ~ | b) | | | e the sources of stress in | | | [7] | | |
| 04) | 0) | W/h | at is | mativation? Evalais the | , taab | iques of motivation | [0] | | |
| <i>Q4</i>) | , | | | motivation? Explain the | | - | [8] | | |
| | b) | Ехр | iain 1 | the role of digital marke | eung 11 | n entrepreneursnip. | [7] | | |

Total No. of Questions: 4]

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[6142]-624 T.Y. B.Com.

366(g) : व्यावसायिक उद्योजकता - III (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

| वेळ : $2\frac{1}{2}$ | तास] | | | [एकूण गुण : 50 |
|----------------------|-------|----------------|---|------------------------|
| सूचना : | 1) | सर्व प्रश्न सो | डविणे अनिवार्य आहे. | |
| | 2) | उजवीकडीत | न अंक प्रश्नाचे पूर्ण गुण दर्शवतात. | |
| प्रश्न 1) | अ) | रिकाम्या जा | गा भरा (सहापैकी कोणत्याही पाच सोडवा) : | [5] |
| | | | म्हणजे समाज उद्धिष्ट्ये साध्य करण्यासाठी कार होय. संघ | र्गरत असणाऱ्या लोकांचा |
| | | ब) | प्रक्रिया | |
| | | ii) जाणृ | व्यवस्थापन हा असा एक उपक्रम आहे कि जो समुहार्मा न घेण्यासाठी आणि त्यांचा आदर करण्यास प्रवृत्त क क्रम आहेत. | |
| | | ৰ) | संघ बांधणी प्रक्रिया बांधणी | |
| | | iii) उद्योग | व्यवस्थापन बांधणी गातील व्यवस्थापन ही सकारात्मक पैलू मर्यादित करण्याची प्रक्रिया आहे. | ्वाढवताना नकारात्मक |
| | | अ) | संघर्ष | |
| | | ਕ) \ | ताण | |
| | | क) | सुसंवाद | |

3 *P.T.O.*

| | | 1V) |) संघष म्हणज जन्हा संस्थच्या आतं आणि बाहराल गटामघाल संघष विविध मुद्यांवर असहमत असतो. | | | |
|-----------|----------|---------|---|---------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| | | | | अांतरवैयक्तिक अांतरवैयक्तिक | | |
| | | | | आंतर-समूह | | |
| | | | क) | • | | |
| | | v) | यशस् | त्री कामाच्या ठिकाणी | • • • • • • | . हा एक महत्वाचा घटक आहे. |
| | | | अ) | प्रेरणा | | |
| | | | ब) | प्रतिबंधक | | |
| | | | क) | निरूत्साह | | |
| | | vi) | •••• | विपणनाला ऑ | नलाईन | विपणन असही म्हणतात. |
| | | | अ) | डिजीटल | | |
| | | | ब) | ऑफलाईन | | |
| | | | क) | भौतिक | | |
| | ब) | जोङ | ग्रा लाव | т. | | [5] |
| | | i) | टीम र् | बेल्डिंग | अ) | परस्पर |
| | | ii) | संघर्ष | | ब) | संपादन सिद्धांत |
| | | iii) | परस्प | र संघर्ष | क) | ईमेल विपणन |
| | | iv) | डेव्हि | ड मैक्लेलॅंड | ड) | ध्येयांमधिल फरकांमुळे संघर्ष |
| | | v) | डिजी | टल मार्केटिंग | इ) | क्रियेटिव्ह थिंकींग |
| प्रश्न 2) | चीवा | चित्र | (22) 111- | याही दोन) | | [10] |
| A44 2) | | | (प्राज्य वे प्रका | | | [10] |
| | ਰ) ਕ) | | | े काणी तणाव कमी करण्यास | ाठी उप | ाय |
| | क) | | | बदल फिरविणे | | • |
| | ड) | | | पणनाचे प्रकार | | |
| | , | | | | | |
| प्रश्न 3) | अ) | समूह | आणि | संघ यातील फरक | | [8] |
| | ब) | उद्योज | नकते म | ध्ये तणावाचे स्रोत कोणते अ | ाहेत. | [7] |
| | | | | | | |
| प्रश्न 4) | अ) | प्रेरणा | म्हणज | ो काय? प्रेरणाचे तंत्र स्पष्ट व | करा. | [8] |
| | ब) | उद्योज | नकते म | ध्ये डिजिटल विपणनाची भृ | मिका र | स्पष्ट करा. [7] |
| | | | | | | |

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No. : |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| P-5939 | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |

T.Y. B.Com.

(366 - h): MARKETING MANAGEMENT - III (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - VI)

| | | (20 | 19 Pattern) (CBCS |) (S | emester - VI) | | | |
|------------|--------------------------------|--------|--|-------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Time : 2½ | 2 Hou | rs] | | | [Max. Marks : 50 | | | |
| Instructio | ons to | the c | candidates: | | | | | |
| 1) | All | quest | ions are compulsory. | | | | | |
| 2) | Figu | ures t | to the right indicate full ma | ırks. | | | | |
| Q1) A) | Fill in the Blanks (Any five): | | | | | | | |
| | i) | Ma | rketing is syste | matio | c planning and policy. | | | |
| | | a) | Marketing Environment | b) | Marketing Control | | | |
| | | c) | Marketing Audit | d) | Marketing News | | | |
| | ii) | | e to there is find any. | exib | ility in daily routine work of a | | | |
| | | a) | Marketing Environment | b) | Marketing Control | | | |
| | | c) | Marketing Audit | d) | Marketing News | | | |
| | iii) | Cus | stomer is a king of market | and l | ne will satisfy if he get. | | | |
| | | a) | Satisfaction | b) | Loyalty | | | |
| | | c) | Relation | d) | Customer Growth | | | |
| | iv) | | s important that the rertising to be perfect. | | _ component be attractive for | | | |
| | | a) | Design | b) | Advertising media | | | |
| | | c) | Printing | d) | Trade mark | | | |
| | v) | | includes online liness deals. | ouyin | ng & selling as well as financial | | | |
| | | a) | E-mail | b) | Website | | | |
| | | c) | E-Business | d) | E-Commerce | | | |
| | vi) | soc | Exchange is an impoial media. | ortan | t measure of give & take through | | | |
| | | a) | Printing | b) | Design | | | |
| | | c) | Message | d) | Media | | | |

| | B) | Mat | ch the following: | | | [5] | |
|-------------|-----|---|---|--------|-----------------------------|-------|--|
| | | i) | Technical support and budget | a) | Social media | | |
| | | ii) | Shine and movement | b) | Techniques of marketing con | ntrol | |
| | | iii) | You-tube, Telegram, Face Book | c) | Industrial Elements | | |
| | | iv) | Credit and Budgetary control | d) | Principles of Design | | |
| | | v) | Popular ringing of bells and loud speaker | e) | Historical social media | | |
| Q 2) | Wri | te sh | ort notes (Any Two) : | | | [10] | |
| | a) | Quality oriented components in service marketing. | | | | | |
| | b) | Characteristics of copywriting. | | | | | |
| | c) | Historical Background of social media. | | | | | |
| | d) | Importance of marketing control. | | | | | |
| Q3) | a) | Expl | lain the Appeals of service mark | keting | g in detail. | [8] | |
| | b) | Expl | lain strategy of advertising crea | tion i | n detail. | [7] | |
| Q4) | a) | Expl | lain the characteristics of social | med | ia marketer. | [8] | |
| | b) | Explain the techniques of marketing control. [7] | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

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T.Y. B.Com.

(366 - h) : MARKETING MANAGEMENT - III (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - VI) (मराठी रूपांतर)

| वेळ : 2½ | तास] | | | | | [एकूण गुण : 50 |
|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| सूचना : | 1) | सर्व प्र | प्रश्न सो | डविणे अनिवार्य आहेत. | | |
| | <i>2</i>) | उजळ | या बाजू | चे अंक पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात. | | |
| | 3) | संदभ | र्गसाठी | मूळ इंग्रजी प्रश्नपत्रिका पहावी. | | |
| प्रश्न 1) | अ) | रिकाम | या जा | ण भरा. (कोणत्याही पाच) | | [5] |
| ŕ | | i) | मार्के | टेंगच्या योजना व धोरणांचा पद्धर्ता | शेरपणे | |
| | | ŕ | अ) | विपणन पर्यावरण | ब) | विपणन नियंत्रण |
| | | | क) | विपणन अंकेक्षण | ਤ) | विपणन समाचार |
| | | ii) | कंपर्न | च्या दैनंदिन कामकाजामध्ये | | मुळे लवचिकता प्राप्त होते. |
| | | | | विपणन पर्यावरण | | विपणन नियंत्रण |
| | | | क) | विपणन अंकेक्षण | ड) | विपणन समाचार |
| | | iii) | ग्राहक | ह हा बाजारपेठेचा राजा आहे, त्यामु | ुळे ग्राहर | कांना अपेक्षित सेवादिल्यास |
| | | | प्राप्त ह | होते. | | |
| | | | अ) | ग्राहक समाधान | ब) | ग्राहक निष्ठा |
| | | | क) | ग्राहक संबंध | ड) | ग्राहक वृद्धी |
| | | iv) | जाहिः | रात परिपूर्ण होण्यासाठी | • • • • • • • | हा घटक आकर्षक असने महत्वाचे |
| | | | असते | • | | |
| | | | अ) | आकृती | ৰ) | जाहिरात माध्यमे |
| | | | | मुद्रण | | व्यापार चिन्हे |
| | | v) | ••••• | या घटकात ऑनलाईन ख | ब्ररेदी-वि | क्रीचे, आर्थिक तसेच – व्यावसायिक |
| | | | करार | केले जातात. | | |
| | | | | ई-मेल | ब) | वेबसाईट |
| | | | | ई-बिझनेस | | ई-कॉमर्स |
| | | vi) | | | यमाद्वारे | देवाण-घेवाण करण्याचे एक महत्वाचे |
| | | | | । म्हणून ओळखले जाते. | | _ |
| | | | अ) | मुद्रन | ब) | आकृती |
| | | | क) | संदेश | ड) | माध्यम |
| | | | | | | |

| | ਕ) | जोड्या जुळवा. | [5] | | |
|-----------|------|--|-------------|--|--|
| | | i) तंत्रज्ञानाची जोड व खर्चाचे अंदाजपत्रक अ) सामाजिक माध्यमे | | | |
| | | ii) चमक व हालचाल ब) ऐतिहासिक सामाजिक माध्यमे | | | |
| | | iii) यूट्यूब, टेलिग्राम, फेसबुक क) उद्योगसमूह घटक | | | |
| | | iv) पतविषयक व अंदाजपत्रक नियंत्रण ड) आकृतीविषयक तत्वे | | | |
| | | v) लोकप्रिय घंटानाद व भोंगे इ) विपणन नियंत्रण तंत्रे | | | |
| | | | | | |
| प्रश्न 2) | टिपा | लिहा. (कोणत्याही दोन) | 10] | | |
| | अ) | सेवा विपणनातील गुणवत्ता / कौशल्यविषयक घटक | | | |
| | ब) | कॉपीराईटरची वैशिष्ट्ये | | | |
| | क) | सामाजिक माध्यमांची एैतिहासिक पार्श्वभूमी | | | |
| | ड) | प्रभावी विपणन नियंत्रण पद्धतीचे महत्व | | | |
| | | | | | |
| प्रश्न 3) | अ) | सेवा विपणनासमोरिल आव्हाने सविस्तर स्पष्ट करा. | [8] | | |
| | ब) | जाहिरात निर्मिती व्यूहरचनेचे टप्पे सविस्तर स्पष्ट करा. | [7] | | |
| | | | | | |
| प्रश्न 4) | अ) | सामाजिक माध्यम विपणकाची वैशिष्ट्ये स्पष्ट करा. | [8] | | |
| | ब) | विपणन नियंत्रणाची तंत्रे स्पष्ट करा. | [7] | | |



| Total No. | of Qu | estions: 4] | | SEAT No.: | | | |
|----------------|--------|---|-------------|--------------------|------------------|--|--|
| P-5940 |) | | | [Total | No. of Pages : 4 | | |
| | | [6142]-6 | | | | | |
| | | T.Y. B.C | om. | | | | |
| 366 (i |) : A | GRICULTURAL & IN | ID U | STRIAL ECO | ONOMICS | | |
| | , | (Paper - | | | | | |
| | | (2019 Pattern) (CBCS |) (S | emester - VI) | | | |
| Time : 2½ | ⁄2 Hou | ers] | | [M | Tax. Marks: 50 | | |
| Instructi | ons to | the candidates: | | | | | |
| 1) | All | questions are compulsory. | | | | | |
| 2) | Figi | ures to the right indicate full ma | irks. | | | | |
| Q1) a) | Fill | in the blanks: | | [5] | | | |
| | i) | Centralization of Industries le | eads t | to regional | in India. | | |
| | | (Balance, imbalance, sustainability, rural development) | | | | | |
| | ii) | Payment of wages act was p | asse | d in | _• | | |
| | | (1930, 1939, 1942, 1936) | | | | | |
| | iii) | MSP protects the interest of | · | · | | | |
| | | (Consumers, Farmers, invest | ors, | corporates) | | | |
| | iv) | The Industrial dispute act was passed in | | | | | |
| | | (1945, 1968, 1991, 1947) | | | | | |
| | v) | The determine | the a | gricultural cost a | nd price. | | |
| | | (SBI, RBI, CACP, Cooperat | tives) |) | | | |
| | vi) | Agricultural prices in India | are _ | · | | | |
| | | (Uncertain, certain, constant, | stab | le) | | | |
| b) | Ma | tch the following: | | | [5] | | |
| | i) | CACP | a) | Support to produce | agricultural | | |
| | ii) | National agricultural policy | b) | 1965 | | | |
| | iii) | MSP | c) | 1948 | | | |
| | iv) | Payment of Bonus act | d) | 2000 | | | |
| | v) | Minimum wages act | e) | Cost and price of | determination | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| Q^{2} | Write a short notes (any 2 out of 4): | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----|--|--|
| | a) | Minimum support price | | | |
| | b) | Need of agricultural policies | | | |
| | c) | Causes of Regional industrial imbalance | | | |
| | d) | Commission for agricultural cost & price | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Q3) | a) | Explain the features of Industrial dispute act. | [8] | | |
| | b) | Explain the cost concepts of CACP. | [7] | | |
| | | | | | |
| Q4) | a) | Explain the need of agricultural price policy. | [8] | | |
| | b) | Describe the broad features of minimum wages act-1948. | [7] | | |

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[6142]-626

T.Y. B.Com.

366 (i) : AGRICULTURAL & INDUSTRIAL ECONOMICS (Paper - III)

(2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - VI) (मराठी रूपांतर)

वेळ : 21/2 तास] [एकूण गुण : 50 सूचना : सर्व प्रश्न सोडविणे आवश्यक आहेत. 1) उजवीकडील अंक प्रश्नाचे पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात. 2) रिकाम्या जागा भरा. प्रश्न 1) [5] अ) भारतामध्ये उदयोगांचे केंद्रिकरण लाप्रोत्साहित करते. i) (समतोलास, असमतोलास, शाश्वततेस, ग्रामीण विकासास) वेतन अदायगी कायदा यावर्षी संमत करण्यात आला. ii) (1930, 1939, 1942, 1936) किमान आधारभूत किंमती चे हित संरक्षण करतात. iii) (ग्राहक, शेतकरी, ग्रंतवणूकरदार, व्यावसायिक) iv) औद्योगिक विवाद कायदा मध्ये संमत करण्यात आला. (1945, 1968, 1991, 1947) कृषी खर्च व किमती यांची निश्चिती करते. V) (एसबीआय, आरबीआय, सीएसीपी, सहकारी संस्था) भारतामध्ये कृषी किंमती आहेत. (आनिश्चित, निश्चित, स्थिर, स्थैर्य) जोड्या लावा. [5] ਕ) सीएसीपी कृषी उत्पादनास आधार i) अ) राष्ट्रीय कृषी धोरण 1965 ii) ਕ) iii) एमएसपी 1948 क) वेतन अदायगी कायदा iv) ड) 2000 किमान वेतन कायदा खर्च व किंमत निश्चिती इ) v)

P.T.O.

| प्रश्न 2) | टीपा लिहा (कोणत्याही 2) : | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------|---|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | अ) | किमान आधारभूत किमती | | | | | |
| | ब) | कृषी विषयक धोरणांची आवश्यकता | | | | | |
| | क) | प्रादेशिक औद्योगिक असमतोलाची कारणे | | | | | |
| | ड) | कृषी खर्च व किंमत आयोग | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| प्रश्न 3) | अ) | औद्योगिक विवाद कायद्याची वैशिष्ट्ये स्पष्ट करा. | [8] | | | | |
| | ब) | सीएसीपीच्या खर्च विषयक संकल्पना स्पष्ट करा. | [7] | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| प्रश्न 4) | अ) | कृषी विषयक किंमत धोरणाची गरज स्पष्ट करा. | [8] | | | | |
| | ब) | किमान वेतन कायदा-1948 ची ठळक वैशिष्ट्ये विशद करा. | [7] | | | | |

| Tota | l No. o | of Questions : 4] | SEAT No. : |
|-------------|---------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P-5 | 941 | | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |
| | , | [6142]-6 | 27 |
| | | T.Y. B.Co | om. |
| | 3 | 366(J): DEFENCE BUDGI | ETING, FINANCE & |
| | | MANAGEME | NT - III |
| | (2 | 2019 Pattern) (Semester - V | VI) (Special Paper-III) |
| | | Hours] | [Max. Marks : 70 |
| Instr | | ons to the candidates: | |
| | 1) | All questions are compulsory. | |
| | 2) | Figures to the right indicate full ma | rks. |
| Q1) | Atte | empt any Five of the following: | $[5\times2=10]$ |
| | a) | Define defence expenditure. | |
| | b) | Define defence forces. | |
| | c) | What is war potential? | |
| | d) | Define industrial capacity. | |
| | e) | State the effect of war. | |
| | f) | What is post war problem? | |
| | | | |
| <i>Q</i> 2) | Atte | empt any four of the following: | $[5\times4=20]$ |
| | a) | Defence budget | |

b) Indigenisation of armed forces

- c) Challenges in defence
- d) Industrial capacity
- e) Raw material

Q3) Attempt any four of the following:

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Explain linkages between planning and budget.
- b) Explain in new trends in Indian defence expenditure.
- c) Explain analysis of defence expenditure since 1998
- d) Explain foreig aid as a contributory element of war potential.
- e) Explain industrial capacity as a element of war potential.

Q4) Attempt any two of the following:

 $[2 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) Explain in detail impact of expenditure on Defence forces.
- b) Explain in details challenges in defence and financial management.
- c) Explain in detail new trends in Indian defence expenditure.



Total No. of Questions: 4]

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[6142]-627

T.Y. B.Com.

366(J): DEFENCE BUDGETING, FINANCE & MANAGEMENT - III

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (Special Paper-III) (मराठी रूपांतर)

वेळ : 21/2 तास]

[एकूण गुण : 70

सूचना: 1) सर्व प्रश्न अनिवार्य.

2) उजवीकडील अंक गुण दर्शवितात.

प्रश्न 1) खालीलपैकी कोणतेही पाच प्रश्न सोडवा.

 $[5 \times 2 = 10]$

- अ) संरक्षण खर्च व्याख्या लिहा.
- ब) सेनादले व्याख्या लिहा.
- क) युद्ध गतिमानता म्हणजे काय?
- ड) औद्योगिक क्षमता व्याख्या करा.
- इ) युद्धाचे परिणाम स्पष्ट करा.
- फ) युद्धोत्तर समस्या लिहा.

प्रश्न 2) टिपा लिहा. (कोणतेही चार)

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- अ) संरक्षण खर्च
- ब) सेनादलांचे भारतीयकरण
- क) संरक्षणातील आव्हाने
- ड) औद्योगिक क्षमता
- इ) कच्चा माल

3 *P.T.O.*

प्रश्न 3) खालीलपैकी कोणतेही चार प्रश्न सोडवा.

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- अ) नियोजन आणि संरक्षण खर्च यातील संबंध स्पष्ट करा.
- ब) संरक्षण खर्चातील नवीन प्रवाह स्पष्ट करा.
- क) 1998 नंतरच्या संरक्षण खर्चाचे विश्लेषण करा.
- ड) युद्ध गतिमानतेतील परकीय सहकार्याचे घटक स्पष्ट करा.
- इ) औद्योगिक क्षमता युद्ध गतिमानतेचा एक घटक स्पष्ट करा.

प्रश्न 4) खालीलपैकी कोणतेही दोन प्रश्न सोडवा.

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- अ) संरक्षण सेनादलावरील खर्चाचे परिणाम सविस्तर स्पष्ट करा.
- ब) संरक्षण आणि फायनान्शियल मॅनेजमेंट वरील आव्हाने सविस्तर स्पष्ट करा.
- क) भारतीय संरक्षण खर्चातील नवीन प्रवाह सविस्तर स्पष्ट करा.



| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No. : |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| D_5042 | [Total No. of Pages : 4 |

[6142]-628 T.Y. B.Com. (Semester - VI) TOURISM

366(K): Insurance, Transport and Tourism (Paper - III) (2019 Pattern)

| | | (2019 Pattern) |
|-------------------------|------|---|
| Time : 2½ Instructio | | the candidates: [Max. Marks : 50 |
| 1) 2) | | Questions are compulsory. ures to the right indicate full marks. |
| <i>Q1</i>) A) | Fill | in the Blanks (Attempt any 5). [5] |
| | i) | A bonafide certificate is issued to the people who travel to and |
| | | a) Nepal and China |
| | | b) Nepal and Bhutan |
| | | c) Nepal and Bangladesh |
| | ii) | provide emergency assistance to citizens in distress. |
| | | a) Embassy |
| | | b) Agent |
| | | c) Tour operator |
| | iii) | Indian Government is marketing India as a tourist destination through the advertisement campaign. |
| | | a) Credible India |
| | | b) Incredible India |
| | | c) Getway to backwater |
| | iv) | means a pre arrangement, prepaid trip that combines two or more travel components like airfare, airport transfer, accommodation and other services. |
| | | a) Tour management |
| | | b) Tour Development |
| | | c) Tour Package |

| | | V) | A small, local restaurant has decided to advertise its elegant atmosphere and qualified wait staff. This approach is example of marketing. | | | | | |
|-------------|------|----------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------|---|--|--|
| | | | a) Service | | | | | |
| | | | b) Product | | | | | |
| | | | c) | Development | | | | |
| | | vi) | The | process of selling of a | prodi | uct through publicity is called | | |
| | | | a) | Direct mail | | | | |
| | | | b) | Indirect mail | | | | |
| | | | c) | Promotion | | | | |
| | B) | Mato | ch the | Following: | | [5] | | |
| | | i) | Circ | le Itinerary | a) | Ends in different places | | |
| | | ii) | Oper | n-jaw itinerary | b) | Brings travellers back to their starting point. | | |
| | | iii) | Hub | -and-spoke itinerary | c) | Pay for their own meals. | | |
| | | iv) | Acco | ommodations | d) | Base at a hotel in one city | | |
| | | v) | Mea | ls | e) | Parking for the motor coach | | |
| Q2) | Writ | e Sho | ort no | otes (Any 2). | | [10] | | |
| | a) | Sign | ificaı | nce of tour package | | | | |
| | b) | Dist | ributi | on system | | | | |
| | c) | Pre- | depar | ture meeting | | | | |
| | d) | Post-tour activities | | | | | | |
| Q 3) | a) | Desc | cribe | components of tour pack | cage. | [8] | | |
| | b) | Expl | ain n | narket segmentation and t | arget | market. [7] | | |
| Q 4) | a) | State | e the s | significance of Tour mana | ager b | oriefing. [8] | | |
| | b) | Expl | ain ir | n detail Arrival procedure. | | [7] | | |
| | | | | 2000 | ~ | | | |

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[6142]-628

T.Y. B.Com. (Semester - VI) TOURISM

366(K): Insurance, Transport and Tourism (Paper - III) (2019 Pattern)

(मराठी रूपांतर)

वेळ : 2½ तास]

[एकूण गुण : 50

सूचना :

- 1) सर्व प्रश्न सोडविणे अनिवार्य आहे.
- 2) उजवीकडील अंक प्रश्नाचे पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात.
- 3) संदर्भासाठी इंग्रजी प्रश्नपत्रिका पहावी.

प्रश्न 1) अ) रिकाम्या जागी योग्य शब्द लिहा. (कोणतेही पाच)

[5]

- i) आणि ठीकाणी प्रवास करणाऱ्यांना बोनाफाईड प्रमाणपत्र दिले जाते.
 - अ) नेपाळ आणि चीन
 - ब) नेपाळ आणि भृतान
 - क) नेपाळ आणि बांगलादेश
- ii) संकटात असलेल्या नागरीकांना आपत्कालीन मदत देते.
 - अ) दुतावास
 - ब) एजंट
 - क) दूर ऑपरेटर
- iii) भारत सरकार जाहिरात मोहिमेद्वारे पर्यटनस्थळ म्हणून भारताचे मार्केटिंग करीत आहे.
 - अ) विश्वासाई भारत
 - ब) अविश्वसनीय भारत
 - क) बॅकवॉटर गेटवे
- iv) म्हणजे आगाऊ नियोजन, प्रीपेड ट्रिप ज्यामध्ये दोन किंवा अधिक प्रवासी घटक जसे की विमान भाडे, विमाणतळ हस्तांतरण, निवास आणि इतर सेवा एकत्रित केल्या जातात.
 - अ) सहलीची व्यवस्था
 - ब) दौरा /दुर विकास
 - क) टूर पॅकेज

| | | v) | एका लहाण स्थानिक रेस्टॉरंटने आपल्या मोहक वातावरणाची आणि पात्र प्रतीक्षा | | | | |
|----------------------------|------|------------|---|-----------------------------|-------------|--|------------|
| | | | कर्मच | ब्राऱ्यांची जाहीरात करण्या | चा निर्णय | घेतला आहे. हा दृष्टीकोन विपणना | चे |
| | | | एक ः | उदाहरण आहे. | | | |
| | | | अ) | सेवा | | | |
| | | | ਕ) | उत्पादन | | | |
| | | | क) | विकास | | | |
| | | vi) | प्रसि | | ी विक्री क | रण्याच्या प्रक्रियेस म्हणतात. | |
| | | | अ) | थेट मेल | | | |
| | | | ਕ) | अप्रत्यक्ष मेल | | | |
| | | | क) | जाहीरात | | | |
| | ब) | योग्य | जोड्य | ा जुळवा. | | [5 | 5] |
| | | i) | वर्तुळ | प्रवास कार्यक्रम | अ) | वेगवेळ्या ठिकाणी समाप्त होतो | |
| | | ii) | ओप | न–जॉ प्रवास कार्यक्रम | ब) | प्रवाशांना त्यांच्या प्रारंभ बिंदूवर प्रश्त आण | ाते |
| | | iii) | हब ३ | आणि स्पोक प्रवासाचा | क) | स्वतःच्या जेवणासाठी पैसे द्या | |
| | | | कार्य | क्रम | | | |
| | | iv) | राहण्य | याची सोय | ड) | एकाच शहरातील हॉटेलचा आधार | |
| | | v) | जेवण | ī | ई) | मोटार गाडीसाठी पार्किंग | |
| | | , | | | | | |
| प्रश्न 2) | टीपा | लिहा | (कोणते | ोही दोन) | | [10 |)] |
| | | | ् केजचे | | | - | - |
| | ਕ) | _ | ण प्रणा | | | | |
| | • | | गनपुर्व व | | | | |
| | | | • | वे उपक्रम | | | |
| | 3) | 440 | TITICIXX | 4 04904 | | | |
| प्रश्न 3) | 21) | za n | ر ماری | ा। घटकांचे वर्णन करा. | | rs | 3] |
| אלי (נ ייא א | | • • | | | | | |
| | ब) | वाजा | ार ।वभा | जिन आणि लक्ष बाजार र | स्पष्ट करा. | [' | 7] |
| 1) | 22) | -= | |)(i) | | ra | 21 |
| प्रश्न 4) | | • (| | ोिफिंगचे महत्व सांगा. | | [8 | |
| | ब) | आग | मन प्रोद् | क्रेयेचे तपशीलवार वर्णन | करा. | [7 | /] |
| | | | | | | | |

かかか

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No.: |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| P-5943 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

T.Y. B.Com.

| COM | PUI | LK | | | incoring |
|------------------------------------|--|-------|--|----------|-------------------------------|
| (2 | 019 | Pat | 366L : Softwar tern) (Semester - | O | Special Paper - III) |
| Time: 2½ Instructio 1) 2) | ons to All o | the c | candidates : ions are compulsory. to the right indicate full | marks. | [Max. Marks : 50 |
| Q1) A) | Fill | in t | he blanks (Any 5 out | of 6): | [5] |
| | i) Entity Relationship diagram shows the relationship of entity se stored in a | | | | |
| | | a) | file | b) | card |
| | | c) | hard copy | d) | database |
| | ii) | Dat | ta dictionary contains _ | | i.e. data about the database. |
| | | a) | case study | b) | design |
| | | c) | metadata | d) | output |
| | iii) | | represent | s hierar | chical structure of modules. |
| | | a) | Logic | b) | Data flow |
| | | c) | Structure charts | d) | Cohesion |
| | iv) | The | e benefits of testing in | cludes _ | · |
| | | a) | preventing bugs | b) | reducing development costs |
| | | c) | improving performan | nce d) | all of the above |
| | v) | | tware testing tools are the software. | he tools | which are used for the |
| | | a) | ranking | b) | promoting |
| | | c) | debugging | d) | testing |

| | | vi) | is an artificial and informal language that helps programmers develop algorithms. | | | | | | |
|-----|------------|-------------------------|---|------------------|-------------|-------|---|--|--|
| | | | a) | Pseudocode | | b) | Visual Basic | | |
| | | | c) | Dracle | | d) | Windows | | |
| | B) | Mat | ch tl | he following: | | | [5] | | |
| | | i) | Dec | ision table | | a) | Selenium | | |
| | | ii) | Data | a flow diagram | ıs | b) | Entity Relationship Diagram | | |
| | | iii) | Scre | een design | | c) | Tabular representation of decision making process | | |
| | | iv) | ERI | D | | d) | Graphical representation of symbols | | |
| | | v) | Soft | tware testing to | ool | e) | Graphic design of user interfaces | | |
| Q2) | Shor | t No | tes (A | Any 2 out of 4 |): | | [10] | | |
| | a) | Screen layout designing | | | | | | | |
| | b) | Data | dict | tionary | | | | | |
| | c) | Тур | es of | coupling | | | | | |
| | d) | Fact | act finding techniques | | | | | | |
| Q3) | a) | Expl | lain l | Decision tree a | nd Decisio | n tab | le. [8] | | |
| | b) | Defi | ne so | oftware testing | explain bla | ack b | oox and white box testing. [7] | | |
| Q4) | a) | Exp | lain l | Data flow diag | ram in deta | uil. | [8] | | |
| | b) | Exp | lain v | why validation | is importa | nt in | software testing. [7] | | |

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No. : |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5944 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

T.Y.B.Com. (Vocational)

365 VOC (A): COMPUTER APPLICATION - I (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (CBCS)

| | (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (CBCS) | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--------------|---|--|--|
| Time : 2½ | Hour | rs] | | | [Max. Marks : 50 | | |
| Instructions to the candidates: | | | | | • | | |
| 1) | All qu | estion | ns are compulsory. | | | | |
| 2) | Figur | es to i | the right indicates full mark | S. | | | |
| <i>Q1)</i> A) | Fill | in the | e Blanks. | | [5] | | |
| | a) | | ich AI technique enable oclations and relationship | | e computers to understand the ween objects and events? | | |
| | | i) | Cognitive Science | ii) | Pattern Matching | | |
| | | iii) | Relative Symbolism | iv) | Heuristic Processing | | |
| | b) | | model is used when | n peop | eople have similar interest. | | |
| | | i) | Hybrid | ii) | Community | | |
| | | iii) | Software as a Service | iv) | Private | | |
| | c) | IoT | enables companies to | | and reduce labor costs. | | |
| | | i) | start process | ii) | stop process | | |
| | | iii) | automate processes | iv) | control process | | |
| | d) | to a | augments your su live view, often by using | rroung the c | ndings by adding digital elements camera on a smartphone. | | |
| | | i) | VR | ii) | CR | | |
| | | iii) | ER | iv) | AR | | |
| | e) | Wh | ich of the following is no | t an a | dvantage of cloud. | | |
| | | i) Easier to maintain a cloud network | | | | | |
| | | ii) | Paying only for what yo | ou use | | | |
| | | iii) | No worries about running | ng ou | t of storage | | |
| | | iv) | Immediate access to co | • | | | |
| | | , | | • | ~ | | |

| | B) | Match the Pairs [5] | | | | | | |
|-----|------|--|------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|------|--|--|
| | | a) | PaaS | i) | Virtual Reality | | | |
| | | b) | Smart City | ii) | Fully Secure | | | |
| | | c) | 3D Experience | iii) | IoT Application | | | |
| | | d) | Amazon Web Service | iv) | Cloud Computing Model | | | |
| | | e) | Private Cloud | v) | Intranet | | | |
| Q2) | Writ | e sho | ort note on the following (A | Any t | wo) | [10] | | |
| | a) | Cha | racteristics of Computing | | | | | |
| | b) | Feat | ures of IoT | | | | | |
| | c) | Arti | ficial Intelligence | | | | | |
| Q3) | Ansv | wer tl | he following (Any four) | | [| 20] | | |
| | a) | What do you understand by Augmented Reality? | | | | | | |
| | b) | What is IoT? Explain | | | | | | |
| | c) | Explain briefly Cloud Computing Models. | | | | | | |
| | d) | What are the advantages of IoT? | | | | | | |
| | e) | Explain any two applications of Cloud Computing. | | | | | | |
| Q4) | Ansv | wer tl | he following Question (Ar | ny on | e) [| [10] | | |
| | a) | Wha | nt are the Applications of A | rtific | ial Intelligence in business? Expl | ain. | | |
| | b) | Wha | nt is Virtual Reality? Expla | ain br | iefly the applications of VR. | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | & | | | |

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No.: |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5945 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |
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T.Y.B.Com. (Vocational) SALES MANAGEMENT

365 (B) VOC : Advertising, Sales Promotion & Sales Management - I (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (CBCS) (Paper - V)

| Time : 2½ | Hour | rs] | | | [Max. Marks : 50 |
|---------------|--------|--------|---|----------|------------------------------------|
| 1) | All qu | estion | indidates: as are compulsory. right indicate full marks. | | |
| Q1) A) | Fill | in the | e Blanks. | | [5] |
| | a) | The | sales management includ | es | |
| | | i) | Control | ii) | Communication |
| | | iii) | MBA Degree | iv) | Control and communication |
| | b) | It in | volves determination of sa | les fo | rce and assigning responsibilities |
| | | i) | CEO | ii) | Cost Management |
| | | iii) | Sales Management | iv) | Marketing Management |
| | c) | In S | SWOT analysis 'O' stand | s for | |
| | | i) | Opposite | ii) | Odd |
| | | iii) | Opportunity | iv) | Order |
| | d) | | t is practice of following some social rules and norms for upliful society. | | |
| | | i) | Branding | | |
| | | ii) | Packaging | | |
| | | iii) | Corporate Social Respon | nsibil | ity |
| | | iv) | CPM | | |
| | e) | Crea | ating good image of compar | ny is tl | ne Prime responsibility of |
| | | i) | Sales Manager | ii) | CEO |
| | | iii) | Marketing Manager | iv) | Finance Manager |

| | B) Match the Pairs: | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---------|---|----------|------------------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | a) |) Identification of sales strategy i) Analysis of sales | | | | | | | | |
| | | b) | Compensation of sales force | ii) | Set of strategies | | | | | | |
| | | c) | Sales Planning | iii) | Expected sales | | | | | | |
| | | d) | Sales Quota | iv) | Duty of sales manager | | | | | | |
| | | e) | Sales audit | v) | Salary plus Commission | | | | | | |
| <i>02</i>) | Write short notes on: (any two) [1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| L -) | a) Sales audit b) new trends in retail sales c) Corporate social Responsibility | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | d) Need and importance of CRM | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 3) | Ang | syon tl | a following (Any four) | | | [20] | | | | | |
| Qs) | 3) Answer the following: (Any four) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | a) Emerging trends in CRMb) Ethical issues in sales management | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | c) | Sale | s Quota and Sales territory | | | | | | | | |
| | d) Sales planning | | | | | | | | | | |
| | e) Need of sales management | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q4) | Answer the following Question: (Any one) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | a) What are the different qualities required for sales manager? | | | | | | | | | | |
| | b) Write detail note on Event Management vs sales management. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | \odot | ☆ | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Total No. of Questions : 4] | SEAT No.: |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5946 | [Total No. of Pages : 2 |

T.Y.B.Com. (Vocational)

TAX PROCEDURE & PRACTICES

| | | | | • | CBCS) (Paper - I) | | | |
|---------------|---------|---|--|------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Time : 2½ | ⁄2 Hour | rs] | | | [Max. Marks : 50 | | | |
| Instruction | ons to | the co | andidates: | | | | | |
| 1) | All qu | estio | ns are compulsory. | | | | | |
| 2) | - | | right side indicate ful | l marks. | | | | |
| Q1) A) | Cho | ose | the correct answer (| (Any Five) | [5] | | | |
| | a) | What is the rate of duty drawback if the goods are exported without use? | | | | | | |
| | | i) | 90% | ii) | 95% | | | |
| | | iii) | 98% | iv) | 100% | | | |
| | b) | No | interest is payable days. | if warehou | sing goods are stored less than | | | |
| | | i) | 90 days | ii) | 80 days | | | |
| | | iii) | 100 days | iv) | 60days | | | |
| | c) | The | ng customs duty refund is | | | | | |
| | | port/export | | | | | | |
| | | ii) 6 months from the date of payment of duty and interest | | | | | | |
| | | iii) One year from the date of import/export | | | | | | |
| | | iv) | iv) One year from the date of payment of duty and interest | | | | | |
| | d) | cross-objections before Tribunal | | | | | | |
| | | 1S _ | | ••• | | | | |
| | | i) | 30 days | ii) | 45 days | | | |
| | ` | iii) | 90 days | iv) | 120 days | | | |
| | e) | • | | _ | tation of goods as such u/s 74? | | | |
| | | 1) | 4 years | * | 3 years | | | |
| | 0 | iii) | 3years 6 months | * | _ | | | |
| | f) | Person of Indian origin stays abroad for 36 months and returns to India on 21-1-2022 for having residence in India, the GFA for use | | | | | | |
| | | | usehold articles is _ | | Do 2 labba | | | |
| | | i) | Rs. 1 lakh | ii) | Rs. 3 lakhs | | | |
| | | / | Rs. 5 lakhs | , | Rs. 7 lakhs | | | |

- B) State whether the following statement is TRUE or FALSE
 - a) General Free Allowance under Customs Act is not allowed on unaccompanied baggage.
 - b) Laptop Computer brought as baggage by person above 18 years of age is fully taxable under customs duty.
 - c) Time limit to file memorandum of cross-objections before Tribunal is 30 days.
 - d) Recovery of tax from buyers is not an essential condition for levy of indirect taxes.
 - e) The duty drawback rate shall not exceed 33% of the market price of export goods.

Q2) Write Short Notes (Any Two)

[10]

[5]

- a) Non-bailable offences
- b) Improper exportation of goods
- c) Interest on Drawback
- d) Processing of Refund Claim

Q3) Answer the following questions (Any Four)

[20]

- a) What are the exemptions to EOU?
- b) What are the features of Foreign Trade Policy?
- c) Explain the provisions regarding licensing of private warehouses?
- d) What are the basic requirements for claiming duty drawback?
- e) What are the various provisions in respect of interest on delayed refunds?
- f) What are the stages in depositing imported goods in private bonded warehouses?

Q4) Answer any One of the following questions

[10]

- a) Explain law relating to demand for payment of duty under section 28 of the Customs Act.
- b) What are the provisions in respect of confiscation of a conveyance under section 115 of the Customs Act.

